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☞Ten lines of nonpareil make a square. About eight words constitute a line, so that any person can easily calculate a square in manuscript.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to these terms.

Our prices for the printing of Blanks, Handbills, etc. are also increased.

The Globe.

WILLIAM LEWIS, Editor and Proprietor. —PERSEVERE.— TERMS, $2,00 a year in advance.

VOL. XX. HUNTINGDON, PA., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 21, 1865. NO. 52.

THE GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

THE "GLOBE JOB OFFICE" is the most complete of any in the country, and possesses the most ample facilities for promptly executing, in the best style, every variety of Job Printing, such as

HAND BILLS,
PROGRAMMES,
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LABELS, &C., &C., &C.

CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF WORK, AT LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE

HUNTINGDON, PA.

WELCOME HOME.

O, the men who fought and bled,
O, the glad and gallant tread,
And the bright skies overhead,
Welcome home!
O, the brave returning boys,
O, the overflowing joys,
And the guns and drums and noise,
Welcome home!

Let the deep voiced cannon roar,
Open every gate and door,
Pour out, happy people, pour—
Welcome home!
Bloom, O Banners, over all,
Over every roof and wall,
Float and flow; and rise and fall,
Welcome home!

Splendid column moving down,
Iron veterans, soiled and brown,
Grim heads, fit to wear a crown,
Welcome home!
Grim heads, which a wall have been,
Keeping sacred things within,
Keeping out the hosts of sin,
Welcome home!

There the women stand for hours,
With their white hands full of flowers,
Raining down the perfumed showers,
On the dear men marching home!
Do you see *him* in the line?
Something makes him look divine,
And a glory makes him shine,
Coming home.

Look out where the flag unfurls,
Look out through your tears and curls,
Give them welcome, happy girls!
Welcome home!
Welcome home from war's alarms,
Welcome to a thousand charms,
Waiting lips and loving arms.
Welcome home!

Strong man, with the serious face,
If you saw him in his place,
Marching swift to your embrace,
Coming home.
You would weep with glad surprise
At the dear dead boy that lies
Underneath the Southern skies,
Far from home.

Women, with the tender eye,
Weeping while the boys go by,
Well we know what makes you cry,
Weary home!
God be with you in your pain,
You will look and look in vain,
He will never come again
To his home!

So amid our joy we weep
For the noble dead, who sleep
In the vale and on the steep,
Far from home:—
For the chief who fought so well,
For the Christ-like man who fell
By the chosen son of Hell,
And went home!

And we thank you. Slavery's dead,
And the hosts of Wrong are fled,
And the Right prevails instead.
Welcome home!
Limb, and tongue, and press are free,
And the Nation shouts to see
All the glory yet to be,
Welcome home!

A SUGGESTION.—A writer says: The absence, among many men, of the tender benevolences of home, their disregard of their sacred duty as heads of households to shed sunlight upon the hearts of wives and children, to give smiles instead of frowns or glooms, pleasant and loving words instead of cross ones, to learn to talk intelligently and freely with their families when at home and surrounded by them, instead of shutting themselves up in frigid, stupid, stolid, surly silence, is undeniable. It is equally reprehensible and contemptible, whether it springs from laziness, or fear of ridicule, or false pride. That man will exert the widest and best influence on all around him, as a citizen and as a neighbor, and be most respected indoors and out-doors, who is not too lazy, or too cowardly, or too proud to be courteous and agreeable to society and to show himself considerate and tender to his family.

CORRECT SPELLING.—We would advise all young people to acquire, in early life, the habit of correct speaking and writing; and to abandon as early as possible any use of slang words and phrases. The longer you live the more difficult the acquirement of correct language will be: and if the golden age of youth, the proper season for the acquisition of language, be passed in its abuse, the unfortunate victim, if neglected, is properly doomed to talk slang for life. Money is not necessary to procure this education. Every man has it in his power. He has merely to use the language which he reads, instead of the slang which he hears; to form his taste from the best speakers and poets in the country; to treasure up choice phrases in his memory, and habituate himself to their use, avoid at the same time that pedantic precision and conceit which show the weakness of vain ambition rather than the polish of an educated mind.

[For the Globe.]

The Monument Testimonial.

EDITORS GLOBE.—I have seen with the liveliest satisfaction that the project of erecting a suitable monument to our fallen soldiers, to which I had the honor of first calling the attention of the public, through your columns, has seemed to meet so favorable a response from the people of Huntingdon County.

The gentlemen who have taken the matter in hand are so well and favorably known throughout the county as to afford every assurance of success to the enterprise, if their efforts are properly seconded by those interested in the matter. And when we say those interested we mean to include every man and woman in the whole community. Almost every family circle has been broken by "this cruel war." In almost every household there is some cherished name that should be written as deeply on the sculptured marble as it is engraven on the hearts of the bereaved. And in the whole county there are *none* but who have a *country*, saved by the self-sacrificing devotion of these men and their living comrades.

When we look at the proud position we now occupy as a people among the nations of the earth, and bear the confessions of respect and admiration extorted from most reluctant lips, by foreign nations; and witness the feeling of confidence and security every where manifested at home, and contrast the present with the past four years; we must I think feel that the highest honors we show their memories must fall far short of the measure of their deservings. When memory carries us back over the trying scenes of this memorable struggle, and we look down into that frightful abyss of ruin into which treason sought to plunge the nation, and remember that to rescue us from this deplorable fate these martyr-heroes have endured, cold and nakedness, privation and suffering, starvation and imprisonment, wounds and death, in every manner that baffled and fiendish malignity could inflict, when we remember these things and other things of which this is but a faint picture we must if we have the hearts of men be filled with an unutterable and overwhelming sense of gratitude to God and to these men who have wrought for us such a mighty deliverance. To these heroes whose "swords have won the battle of the free" let us give our heartiest thanks.

No man worthy of the name of American will refuse to aid in so worthy an undertaking.

"Lives there a man with soul so dead,
Who never to himself hath said,
This is my own my native land."

If there is in Huntingdon county such a creature—of humanity such a most miserable abortion, his epitaph is already written; of him the poet has truly said:

"Living shall forfeit fair renown,
And doubly dying, shall go down
To the vile dust from whence he sprung,
Unwept, unhonored, and unsung."

We hope the men who have begun the good work will at their next meeting succeed in organizing a Soldiers Monument Association for Huntingdon County, and appoint energetic, and reliable agents in every township, to solicit donations or subscriptions, and if this is done the work of providing funds can be successfully accomplished by the October election. J.

Lewistown, June 9, 1865.

TOBACCO AND INSANITY.—The Paris correspondent of the London *Star*, says: "I mentioned lately the frightful increase of mental alienation and paralysis of the brain in France. It has been proved that this increase of lunacy has kept pace with the augmentation of the revenue from tobacco. From the year 1812 to 1832 that tax produced twenty-eight million, and the lunatic asylums of the country contained eight thousand patients. The tobacco revenue has now reached the sum of one hundred and eighty millions, and there are no less than four thousand paralytic and lunatic patients in the various hospitals devoted to their accommodation. This parallel has been drawn by M. Jolly, and laid before the Academy of Science. The last words of his speech on that occasion are worth recording, in this age of universal smoking, and young boys to whom this pernicious practice has not yet become second nature, would do well to reflect, ere it be too late, on the frightful warning the above statistics contain, as well as on M. Jolly's words. He says: "The immoderate use of tobacco, and more especially of the pipe, produces a weakness in the brain and in the spinal marrow, which causes madness."

Never attempt to stop a woman's tongue; talk is as necessary to female vitality as the air she breathes. To stop it once you will find to be enough

[From the Washington Chronicle.]

The Unreturning Brave.

Amid all the pomp and splendor of military reviews, wheeling squadrons, and clatter of flying artillery, the heart—now that the cruel war is over—turns sadly to those who shall come back to us no more. They sleep in far-off graves—if they have such distinctive marks at all—and if not, their bones bleach on distant battle-fields, in remote wildernesses or oozy swamps, untrodden by human footsteps. The soul sickens in contemplating all the agonies and sorrows and indignities to which they have been subjected since leaving their homes of peaceful quiet. What hot pulses and passionate hearts have been stilled forever since this summer four years ago; what brilliant hopes and anticipations; what glowing dreams of military greatness; what ambitious longings for the strife of battles, are felt no more, forever!

Who is there that cannot recall one handsome youth whose joyous laughter filled some stately home with pleasure? In all the pride and pomp of young manhood, with frank, beautiful eyes, clear complexion, and well rounded form, he appeared the embodiment of health, too full of youth to be food for death. Love and days of dreamy pleasure, seemed the fitting pursuit for such bright, beautiful Adonises. But the distant boom of the cannon of Sumter struck his ear and, throwing aside the college class-books, he rushed proudly away to the battle. Sweet eyed Juliet at the balcony kissed fair hands to Romeo, and from windows embowered in honeysuckle and roses waved white handkerchiefs, lighting him on to glory and to greatness. The perfumes of heliotrope wafted from blossoming gardens in his march recalled the former life of pleasure, perchance, but turned him not aside.

Everything about war at first was a glorious circumstances. The manliness to command men, to feel a bright sword upon his thigh, and the consciousness within of feeling that he dared to draw it in one of the noblest causes that ever excited the enthusiasm of a young hero; the courtly ceremonies of parade and reviews, the glorious roll of drums, and the thrill of brazen bugles, and flutter of bright starry banners presented by fair ones at home as he started for the wars—all this kept him constantly in a state of pleasurable excitement and hope.—What was grander than to win a name, and march at the head perhaps of conquering columns?

What would they say at home to see him coming back, a General perhaps, and the sword that fair Juliet had kissed and decorated with a ribbon from her hair, how gallant to wave it in a flashing salute, bowing from the saddle as he passed her house!

Ah! bright-eyed, eager boy of ardent hopes and noble ambition! Where sleeps the faultless form now that once gladdened a mother's fond eyes, and the touch of whose lingering fingers thrilled supremest ecstacy through waiting Juliet's heart? The returning legions every day marching to expectant towns and welcomed with open arms as they bravely bear their tattered, sacred banners back to those who gave them, miss you; and the eager glances of merry, waiting eyes at home turn tearfully away to the darkened parlor, away from the buzzaing street, and the gladsome strains of music.

Oh, the bitterness of such moments to those who wait and weep! or, despairing, sit hopelessly down to deep despondency. If he had but lived to come back with them—even scarred and wounded—if he only had come back!

It is a burden of many a bitterly sorrowful heart just in these days of our triumph, at the close of the war. The return of the armies with pæans of rejoicing revives all the memories of the past. The wearisome waiting in muddy camps, the terrible winter nights on picket duty, the sickness at heart, the lingering fevers of camp and hospital, and the pining for the lost comforts of home, where trials that were as life-consuming to some as the fierce deadly charge of rushing squadrons, or the flash of trained musketry in the midst of hottest battles.

Peace to the gallant dead! Eternal gratitude to the noble and self-forgetting heroes who sleep in unknown graves, far away from familiar homesteads. A nation of countless united republics shall, in the bright future impending, do saintly reverence to such costly sacrifices. And the pride of being connected by blood or kindred ties with such nobles will be more than Norman.

☞Perkins is glad the war is *over*, but in his notion it must be *under*.

Bad Boys.

Precocious rowdyism is caused by *striplings being permitted to absent* themselves from the parental roof at *night*. Though our town is not worse off, perhaps, in this particular than *most communities, yet there is enough* room for improvement among our boys *of all conditions. Not an evening pas*ses but they may be seen lounging at *street corners, smoking*, chewing, and in too many instances blaspheming. The habits incurred at such times are most pernicious; for youth of tender age acquire the vices of those of more advanced years, and they soon become *impatient of parental authority*, learn to equivocate, drink, visit places which *they should be taught to shun*, and finally become pests, when they might be the *ornaments of society*. Parents should vigilantly watch the movements *of their children*, and see that the company they keep is unexceptionable. If, *in stead of dissipating* the valuable time, while the mind is so capable of *receiving lasting impressions*, our sons were only to apply themselves to study, how different would be their standing in the social scale forever more?

We never see a crowd of boys at street corners during the evening, that we do not feel the culpability of those to whom Heaven sent them, and how little they realize the awful responsibility resting upon them. If parents will do nothing to check this widespread tendency to evil, society owes it to itself to interfere. Thus those who are to succeed us may be made wiser and better, and thus reformation be radically effected.

SOAP SUDS.—A writer in the *Germantown Telegraph* says:—The value of this article as a stimulant of vegetable life cannot be too highly appreciated. It contains the aliment of plants in a state of ready solution, and when applied acts not only with immediate and obvious effects, but with a sustained energy which pertains to few even of the most concentrated manures. When it is not convenient to apply it in irrigation—the most economical method, perhaps, of using it—it should be absorbed by some material which may be used as an ingredient in the compost heap. Dry soil, muck, and other simular articles, should be deposited where the suds from the sink and laundry may find its way to them, and be absorbed, for the benefit of crops. In this way several loads of manure, suitable for the support and sustenance of any crop, may be made at comparatively small expense.—The highly putrescent character of this fermentable liquid qualifies it admirably for irrigation of compost heaps of whatever material composed. Being a potent fertillizer, it must, of necessity, impart additional richness to almost any material to which it may be added.—Try it and mark the results.

A MOTHER.—There is something in sickness that breaks down the pride of manhood; that softens the heart and brings it back to the feelings of infancy. Who that has suffered, even in advanced life, in sickness and despondency—who that has pined in a weary bed, in the neglect and loneliness of a foreign land, but has thought of the mother that looked on his childhood, and smoothed down his pillow and administered to his helplessness? Oh, there is an endearing tenderness in the love of a mother to her son that transcendeth all other affections of the heart. It is neither to be chilled by selfishness, nor daunted by danger, nor stifled with ingratitude. She will sacrifice every comfort to his convenience; she will surrender every pleasure to his frame and exult in his prosperity; and if adversity overtakes him, he will be dear to her by his misfortune; and if disgrace settles upon his name she will love and cherish him, and if all the world cast him off, she will be all the world to him.

☞The finest idea of a thunder storm extent, was when Wiggins came home tight. Now Wiggins was a teacher, and had drank too much lemonade—or something. He came home into the room among his wife and daughters, and just then he tumbled over the cradle and fell whop on the floor. After a while he rose and said;

"Wife are you hurt?"
"No."
"Girls are you hurt?"
"No."
"Terrible clap, wasn't it?"

☞A man and his wife in Philadelphia quarreled and fought, one with a poker and the other with a chair. When the daughter, who had gone to the cellar for some article for dinner, returned to the room, both her parents were lying speechless and dying with their skulls fractured.

Gov. Curtin to the People of Pennsylvania.

Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, June 10, 1865.—*To the people of Pennsylvania*:—The bloody struggle of four years is ended. The fires of rebellion are quenched. The supremacy of law and right is re-established. The foulest treason recorded in history has been beaten to the earth. Our country is saved.

These blessings we owe—under God—to the unequalled heroism, civic and military, of *the people*. In the darkest hours, under the heaviest discouragements, falter who would, THEY never faltered.

They have been inspired with the determination to maintain the Free Government of our Fathers, the continued union of our whole country, and the grand republican principles which it is their pride and duty to defend for the sake, not only of themselves, but of the human race.

I glory in saying that the people of Pennsylvania have been among the foremost in the career of honor. Their hearts have been in the contest; their means and their blood have been poured out like water to maintain it.

The remnants of the heroic bands that left her soil to rescue their country, are now returning, having honorably fulfilled their service. They have left tens of thousands of their brothers on many a bloody field. Their memories will be preserved on our rolls of honor. For their widows and families a grateful country will suitably provide.

Let the survivors who are now returning to us, have such welcome as befits a brave and patriotic people to give to the gallant men who have saved the country and shed new lustre on Pennsylvania.

I recommend that in every part of the State, on the approaching anniversary of Independence, special observances be had of welcome to our returned defenders, and of commemoration of the heroic deeds of themselves and their comrades who have fallen.

ANDREW G. CURTIN,
Governor of Pennsylvania.

Courting in Right Style.

"Get out, you nasty puppy—let me alone or I will tell your marm," cried Sally—to her lover Jake—who sat about ten feet from her, pulling dirt from the chimney jam.

"I aren't teching on you, Sal," said Jake.

"Well, perhaps you don't mean to nuther, do yer?"

"No, I don't."

"Cause you'se too tarnel scary, you long-legged, lantern jawed, slab sided, pigeon toed, gangle kned owl, you—you hain't got a tarnel bit of sense; get along home with you."

"Now, Sal, I love you, and can't help it, and if you don't let me stay and court you, my daddy will sue your'n for that cow he sold the t'other day. By jingo he said he'd do it."

"Well, look here, Jake—if you want to court me, you'd better do it as a white man does that thing—not set off there as if you thought I was pisen."

"How on airth is that, Sal?"

"Why, side right up here, and hug and kiss me, as if you really had some bone and sinner of man about you. Do you s'pose a woman's only to look at, you fool, you? No, they are made for "practical results," as Kossuth says—to hug, and kiss, and sich like."

"Well," said Jake, drawing a long breath, "if I must I must, for I do love you—" and so Jake commenced sliding up to her, like a maple poker going to battle. Laying his arm gently upon her shoulder, we thought we heard Sal say:

"That's the way to do it, old hoss; that's acting like a white man orter."

"Oh, Jerusalem and pancakes!" exclaimed Jake, "if this ain't better than any applesass ever marm made, darned sight! Crack-ee, buckwheat cakes, slapjack and lasses ain't nowhere 'long side of you, Sal." Here their lips came together, and the report that followed was like pulling a horse's hoof out of the mire. We left.

GIRLS.—There are two kinds of girls. One is the kind that appears best abroad—the girls that are good for balls, rides, parties, visits, &c., and whose chief delights is in such things. The other is the kind that appears best at home, the girls that are useful and cheerful in the dining room, and all the precincts of home. They differ widely in character. One is often a torment at home, the other a blessing; one is a moth, consuming everything about her. The other a sunbeam, diffusing life and gladness to all around her.

Books at Home.

Books are teachers—teachers by their mere presence as they look down upon us from their shelves. They set the beholder thinking. They remind him of the great and the good of all lands and all time, suggesting even more, perhaps, than they really contain of knowledge and of wisdom. A contemporary truly remarks:

One instinctively infers upon entering a house for the first time, that it is the abode of refinement, when he sees around him the classics of our language done up in neat and solid bindings. On the contrary, if there be no books—whatever the taste otherwise displayed, though the mirror be the best French plate glass, the carpets the softest velvet, the tables inlaid with rare woods and stones, and all the appointments in keeping—one can not but conclude, if he himself be cultivated, that there is a lack in this home of the purest taste. We have been favorably impressed, on going into families remote from city advantages, as to their social position, by observing on the tables or shelves a few choice books. The sequel has seldom altered our judgment.

Every house, if possible, should have its library. However humble the dwelling, let there be one room where the books are collected and systematically arranged. The sight of them will constantly instruct. There is teaching for a child in the title of a book. Will he not soon wish to know what the history is about; who are the men, what the things which the cuts represent? The first conception he may form of the extent of the race to which he belongs may be derived from the "History of the World," upon the gilt letters of which he has gazed from infancy. As books upon various subjects come daily under his eye, the different departments of knowledge will open to the mind, and the complex and wonderful character of the universe will provoke questionings.

Next to the family altar comes in influence upon the household the family library. It is a strong bond of union to its members. Seated amid the companionship of the pure, the wise, the good of all ages, with philosophy to instruct, religion to sanctify, and wit to enliven, must not the memories and results of such hours be the most useful and pleasing of the whole life?

FEROCITY OF AN ELEPHANT.—The correspondent of a Bombay paper writing from Burdwan, in the northwest province, says: I have just received a sad account of the ravages committed by an elephant at a village called Kotulpore, about twenty miles distant from this station; the animal belongs to the Maharajah, and was taken thither by one of his retainers for a marriage procession. On arrival there, the elephant suddenly became wild, and pulled down a number of huts and trees. The next day it became wilder atill, and one of the mahoots in charge of the brute, attempted to chain his legs, was seized by his trunk and tramped under foot. Death of course was instantaneous, but that did not pacify the elephant's rage; it kept the corpse of the man under its feet for two successive days, actully grinding it to dust. That very day it struck down a Brahmin and smashed his head; two other men have been severely injured, and most of the inhabitants of Kotulpore have, it is said run away from the village for fear of the brute. The Maharajah has ordered half a dozen of his Eurasian servants to go and shoot it.

☞The stereotype medical requisition, "let me feel your pulse," is probably to be superseded by the demand, "let me me see your breath." An English physician has been making experiments with the impressions left on glass by the breathing of a number of persons, and has found that different figures were made by different breaths, when examined by the microscope. Drawings have been made of these impressions, and on a magnified disc there appear, through the medium of a magic lantern, in an almost indefinite variety of shapes and combinations—some like daggers, others resembling stars, others in flower-like forms, and so on. It is opined that observations, scientifically made on these different forms of emitted breath from the lungs, will be very valuable in determining their condition. Certainly it would be an extraordinary discovery that a diagnosis on the state of one's lungs might be given from a microscopical observation of the particular forms assumed by the breath, as deposited on a sheet of glass, on emission from the mouth of the patient.

☞Short and sweet—This page.

Our Mistakes about Each Other.

Not one man in ten thousand sees those with whom he associates as they really are. If the prayer of Burns were granted, and we could all see ourselves as others see us, our self-estimates would in all probability be much more erroneous than they are now. The truth is, that we regard each other through a variety of lenses, no one of which is correct. Passion and prejudice, love and hate, benevolence and envy, spectacle our eyes and utterly prevent us from observing accurately. Many whom we deem the porcelain of human clay are mere dirt, and a still greater number of those we put down in our "black books" are no further off from heaven, and perchance a little nearer, than the censors, who condemn them. We habitually undervalue or overvalue each other, and in estimating character the shrewdest of us only now and then make true appraisal of the virtues and defects of even our closest intimates. It is not just or fair to look at character from a stand point of one's own selection. A man's profile may be unprepossessing, and yet his full face agreeable. We once saw a young man, whose timidity was a standing joke with his companions, leap into a river and save a boy from drowning while his tormentors stood panic-struck on the bank. The merchant who gives curt answers in his counting house, may be a tender husband and father, and a kind helper of the desolate and oppressed. On the other hand, your good-humored person, who is all smiles and sunshine in public, may carry something as hard as the nether millstone in the place where his heart ought to be. Such anomalies are common. There is this comfort, however, for those whose misjudgments of their fellow-mortals lean to the kindly side—such mistakes go to their credit in the great account. He who thinks better of his neighbors than they deserve cannot be a bad man, for the standard by which his judgment is guided is the goodness of his own heart. It is only the base who believe all men base—or, in other words, like themselves. Few, however, are all evil. Even Nero did a good turn to somebody, for when Rome was rejoicing over his death some loving hand covered his grave with flowers. Public men are seldom or never fairly judged—at least, while living. However pure, they cannot escape calumny. However corrupt, they are sure to find eulogists. History may do them justice, but they rarely get it while alive, either from friends or foes.

DON'T COMPLAIN.—Don't complain of your birth, your training, your employment, your hardships; never fancy you could be something if you had a different lot or sphere assigned to you. God understands his own plans, and knows what you want a great deal better than you do. The very things that you most deprecate as fatal limitations and obstructions, are probably what you most want. What you call hinderances and discouragements, are probably God's opportunities, and it is nothing new that the patient should dislike his medicines, or any certain proof that they are poisonous. No! a truce to all such impatience. Choke that devilish envy which gnaws at your heart because you are not in the same lot with others; bring down your own soul, or rather bring it up to receive God's will, and do His word, in your lot, in your sphere, under your cloud of obscurity, against your temptations; and then you shall find that your condition is never opposed to your own good, but really consistent with it.

QUIDDITIES.—For the Ladies—A tea party without scandal is like a knife without a handle. Words without deeds are like the husks without the seeds. Features without grace are like a clock without a face. A land without the laws is like a cat without her claws. Life without cheer is certainly very drear. A master without a cane is like a rider without the rein. Marriage without the means is like a horse without his beans. A man without a wife is like a fork without a knife. A quarrel without fighting is like thunder without lightning.

UNFORTUNATE COMPARISON.—A lady entered a dry goods store in——street, and expressed a desire to see some wool delaines. The polite clerk, with elegant address, showed her a variety of prices of fine texture and choice coloring. After tossing and examining to her heart's content, she remarked: "The goods are part cotton, sir." "My dear madam," returned the shopman, "these goods are as free from cotton as your breast is—(the lady starts)—free from guile," he added.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, June 21, 1865.

W. Lewis, Editor and Proprietor.
Hugh Lindsay, Associate Editor.

Our Flag Forever.

"*I know of no mode in which a loyal citizen may so well demonstrate his devotion to his country as by sustaining the Flag, the Constitution and the Union, under all circumstances, and* UNDER EVERY ADMINISTRATION REGARDLESS OF PARTY POLITICS, AGAINST ALL ASSAILANTS, AT HOME AND ABROAD."—STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS.

Last Issue of Volume Twenty.

This number will conclude the twentieth volume of the *Globe*. Like the young man who has attained the coveted year of twenty-one, when he feels *free*, and looks back over the past years of his existence and wonders whether the time he had to devote to his welfare was profitably employed, so we, just bordering on the twenty-first year of our existence recur to the years that have past. They were years of toil, anxiety, excitement, and pleasure withal; and now, having reached maturity we are led to wonder whether the years were not employed profitably. We let the success and popularity of the *Globe* to prove the same. Like the young man, too, we look to the future. We have lived long enough to prove that we have lived for the people; but we believe that the withdrawal of the life-giving principle—a cordial support—can sink us as low as does the cessation of the supply and flow of blood—the vital principle in man. We know it is unnecessary to advert to this subject, nor is it entirely becoming for us to write thus, who have no cause to complain; but we have been led to make the remarks from the fact that we have attained the year of maturity in the general sense of the term.

For the support of the past we cordially thank our patrons, and we can trust that our course and career in the past will be sufficient guarantee for continued support and patronage.

Mutiny Among Negro Troops.

The accounts which reach us from Fortress Monroe, represent that the insubordination among the negro soldiers bound for Texas, reported by telegraph, amounted to a formidable mutiny, and called for wise management to prevent bloodshed. In one aspect of the case this is an alarming occurrence. It has not only prevented the sailing of a portion of the Texas expedition, but may seriously impair the confidence reposed in the negro as a soldier, and affect his status in some other important respects. The account states:

Arriving in Hampton Roads, the Whildin was ordered alongside of the Meteor, to transfer her complement of men on board the larger vessel, the Meteor being of a draught too deep to go up the James River, hence the Whildin acted in the capacity of lighter. On making fast to the Meteor, some of the soldiers told their officers "they would not go on board of her." "They would not go on board of any ocean steamer, as the Government had no right to send them to Texas." The officers insisted that they should go on board the Meteor, and succeeded in transferring three companies to the larger ship. The fourth company refused to obey orders, and loaded their carbines. Neither threat nor entreaty prevailed with them. They unslung their carbines, capped them, and those that had no ammunition in their cartridge boxes drew their sabres. These on the Meteor now became riotous.

The account continues:

The Government's care in transmitting this colored corps to Texas has been remarkable. Only first class vessels have been employed as transports. They have been more commodiously fitted up than troop transports have been during the war. Less men were placed on board of the ships. In no instance has a ship been crowded. Orders have been issued from the fitting out of the first vessel in the present expedition, to furnish the best and freshest rations for the use of the troops on the Texan voyage, and these orders have been complied with to the letter. The officers here, who have been carrying out these instructions, are very indignant at the mutinous conduct of the troops, more than ordinary efforts having been put forth to insure their health and comfort.

We believe this is the first case of the kind among either black or white troops. While there cannot be any real reason or excuse for their conduct, it is probable that there will be found to be greater provocation than has been stated. Just at present the negro soldiers are in a position to play an important part, not only in the performance of their duty in the ranks, but toward their race as it stands related to leading Governmental measures; and all the facts in this case will be awaited; and the future conduct of the negro troops will be watched with an interest even greater than before this unfortunate occurrence.

☞ One hundred and fifty thousand soldiers were sent away from Washington up to June 17th.

The Poisoning of Andrew Johnson on the Fourth of March.

Our theory of the poisoning of Andrew Johnson on the day of inauguration, when it was the original intention of the assassins to have slain the President, has received a singular confirmation in the testimony of one of the late witnesses on the assassination trial before the military court at Washington. Marcus P. Norton, of Troy, in this State, testified on Saturday week that he had seen Atzerodt, to whom had been confided the murder of the Vice President elect, and O'Laughlin, who was to have killed Gen. Grant, in company with Booth at the National Hotel in Washington, on the 2d or 3d of March, and overheard a conversation among these parties, in which it was said that "*if the matter succeeded as well with Johnson as with Old Buchanan, they would be pretty well sold.*" It will be borne in mind that Buchanan was poisoned at the National Hotel at the time of his inauguration in 1856; and this allusion by the assassins to that circumstance, taken together with Mr. Johnson's singular illness at the time of his inauguration, and the proofs that Booth had stood posted at the Capitol to shoot Mr. Lincoln on that very morning, seem to be conclusive that the singular condition of the Vice President on that occasion was to be attributed to the influence of poison. His powerful physical nature triumphed over the insidious drug, and hence the allusion in the subsequent circular which gave directions to the assassins that each of them must bear in mind that "the cup once had failed."—*Wilkes' Spirit of the Times.*

INTERVIEW OF COLORED PEOPLE WITH THE PRESIDENT.—The President yesterday received the committee appointed at a public meeting of the colored people of Richmond, Va., to make known to him, as their best friend, the wrongs, as they conceived them to be by which they are sorely oppressed. In the address which they presented they complain of insults, imprisonment, and the most cruel punishments, the like of which were never heard of, even in the slave-pens of Southern traitors. The address concludes as follows;

"When we saw the glorious old flag again streaming over the Capitol, we thought the power of these wicked men was at an end, and however sad our hearts may be over the present state of our affairs, we have lost none of our faith and love for the Union, or for yourself as its Chief Magistrate, and therefore, as oppressed, obedient and loving children, we ask your protection; and upon the loyalty of our hearts, and the power of our arms, you may ever rely with unbounded confidence; and, in conclusion, let us respectfully remind your Excellency of that sublime motto, once mounted over the portals of an Egyptian temple—'Know all ye who exercise power that God hates injustice.'"

The President made the following endorsement on the paper presented:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, June 16, '65.—Respectfully referred to Major-General Howard, Chief Bureau of Freedmen, &c, for his consideration and report as to the action necessary and proper to be had in view of the within statements.

ANDREW JOHNSON,
President of the United States.

BOUNTY.—A dispatch from Washington to the Pittsburg *Commercial* says:

Enlisted men of volunteers mustered out of service under recent orders from the War Department are to be considered as so mustered out on account of Government no longer requiring their services, and are entitled to the balance of whatever bounty they may at the time be legally receiving. From this bounty balance are excepted those discharged who were enlisted under the Act of July 4, 1864 and the call of the President of July 18, 1864, and such as are clearly shown to be discharged for confirmed disability or as pensioners. Veterans who go out of service under General Orders, No. 77, Current Series, do not go out, because their services are no longer required, as they are expressly excepted for operation, under orders for the reduction of the army, unless prisoners of war. Non-commissioned officers of infantry and cavalry volunteers, mustered out of service by reason of being supernumeraries, in consolidation, consequent upon recent orders for the reduction of the army, are to be considered as mustered out on account of their services being no longer required by the Government, and are entitled to the balance of the bounty remaining unpaid.

THE FOURTH AT GETTYSBURG.—The preparations for laying the corner-stone of the monument at Gettysburg, are almost complete. President Johnson will lay the corner-stone; Maj. Gen. Howard will deliver the address; Col. G. Halpine ("Miles O'Kelley") will read an original poem; Maj. Gen. Geary will act as Chief Marshal, and Rev. Dr. Tyng, of New York, as Chaplin on the occasion. Arrangements have been made to have excursion tickets issued fron all prominent points; and it is believed the celebration at Gettysburg will be the most extensive as well as interesting held upon the coming Fourth of July, in our glorious Union.

From North Carolina.

NEWBERN, N. C., June 12.—Governor Holden has invited the leading Union men of the State to meet in council at Raleigh prior to the appearance of his proclamation, which is daily expected.

The North Carolina papers are full of the proceedings of Union meetings in every town in the State.

The richest estates in the country are offered for sale in all parts of North Carolina for from one to ten dollars per acre, with improvements, their owners having decided to go North.

President Johnson is fast gaining the confidence of the people of the State. Governor Holden is also disarming his enemies by his services in endeavoring to restore civil law to the State.

☞ President Johnson took possession of the entire Presidential Mansion last week.

Destructive Fire in Harrisburg.

Harrisburg, June 15.—A very destructive fire occurred in this city this morning. The flames were first discovered about 3 o'clock, in R. T. Fleming's coach factory, on the corner of Third street and Strawberry alley.—In a very few minutes the conflagration extended to the buildings adjoining, and before the flames could be arrested, the following properties were destroyed: R. T. Fleming's coach factory and blacksmith shop, with their contents; loss, $15,000—no insurance. Joseph Poulton's billiard saloon; loss $5,000. Herr's news depot; loss $1000 Wm. Parkbill's dwelling and plumbing establishment; loss $4,000.

The *Daily Telegraph* printing office was partially destroyed; loss $6,000; insured for $3,000. The State Capitol Hotel, Exchange, County Prison and Court House, Franklin House and State Arsenal were for a time in great jeopardy, and had the flames not been arrested at the Telegraph printing office, the probabilities are, that the most valuable portion of Harrisburg would have been in ashes to day. The fire was the work of an incendiary.

Gen. Grant and the Whisky-Shops.

The order for closing the drinking places along the line of the soldiers' homeward travel, suggests some thoughts to Gen. Grant's credit; as well as some which are not so much to the credit of the towns and counties through which these brave veterans have to pass. Gen. Grant does not want his soldiers, while he has any responsibility for them, to be exposed to the temptations and dangers, which we coolly allow to beset our home population, our sons and ourselves every day of the year. This measure was taken, not because the soldiers are worse than any other men, or more addicted to intoxication, but to keep them, as they have been while in the service, in a better moral condition, with regard to intoxication, than the men at home. We are glad that the Lieutenant General extended his care over his brave and trusty troops in their homeward march; which, but for that wise and kind forethought, might have been to them the most perilous of all their campaigns.

Civil government might learn a good lesson, or, at least, might take a good hint, from the military on this point. The dotting of the country over, and the lining of routes of travel, with whisky-selling houses, is not a part of our high civilization. It does not belong to the American idea of society. It is true, the law allows it, with cautious restrictions, seldom fully applied or observed, but the true and worthy American mind, views it as an exotic, an intrusion, a disgrace, a danger. No better or further evidence of the correctness of this statement is needed than is furnished by the interminable lists of applicants for the privilege of selling whiskey.

General Grant's care for the safety and the credit of his boys should suggest wholesome reflections in the minds of parents with reference to their boys, and to patriotic men with regard to the youth of the country. By the wise and united efforts of good and patriotic men and women thirty years ago, *one generation of our people was saved from the horrors of drunkenness.* This was the fruit of well directed moral effort. A new generation has come up to the early period of manhood, for whom no such effort has been made. While temptations and dangers have multiplied around them, they have not been instructed, they have not been warned. Is it any wonder that our youth, the hope of the country, should be debased and ruined, in great numbers, under such a regimen?

Negro Soldiers Refuse to go to Texas.

Philadelphia, June 15th.—A Fortress Monroe correspondence of the Philadelphia *Inquirer*, under date of June 12th, says that for some time a mutinous spirit has exhibited itself in the colored cavalry brigade belonging to the 25th Corps, the men declaring the Government has no right to send them to Texas. On the 12th, when on board a steamer, this spirit of discontent took the form of open mutiny, when a vessel was run up to one end of the wharf of the Fortress for assistance.

Two companies of the 3d Pennsylvania Artillery were sent aboard under command of Major Von Schilling. Upon approaching the vessel containing the mutineers, they threatened to fire. The Major resorted to strategy, and returning to the wharf had the mutineers brought ashore under the guns of his men in parties of two and three. Thus they were all disarmed and returned again to the vessel. The effect will be only to delay a second part of the expedition from sailing as soon as expected.

A REMINISCENCE OF MR. LINCOLN.—On the day of the receipt of the capitulation of Lee, the Cabinet meeting was held an hour earlier than usual. Neither the President nor any member was able, for the time, to give utterance to his feelings. At the suggestion of Mr. Lincoln, all dropped on their knees and offered, in silence and in tears, their humble and heartfelt acknowledgments to the Almighty for the triumph he had granted to the national cause. The same day, in the afternoon, the President was in a frame of mind peculiarly happy. To his wife he said: "The war is now about over; we have had a long and wearisome four years' siege, and we must travel a little this summer and recruit. It must be without fuss or display. You must write to Bob that he must come home and resign his captaincy and go to his books. Let him prepare to earn his living as I did, depending on his own hands and brains." On the morning of the day of his death kindred conversations were held as to the manner, of spending the summer, and what disposition should be made of "Bob" and "Tad," as he called his two sons, Robert and Thaddeus.—*Western Christian Advocate.*

☞ A large number of soldiers believing the war over, and their moral obligations to serve for the war are fulfilled, have taken French leave for their homes. Several hundred have passed into Maryland, Delaware, and Pennsylvania. A small squad, attired in summer linen, were marched thro' the city to their adjacent camps, having been picked up in Maryland.

NEWS SUMMARY.

☞ It is reported that the trial of Jeff. Davis will probably be postponed till September.

☞ The London Times of June 3d, says:—We have the happiness to announce the birth of a second Prince, the grandson of Her Majesty, the son of the Prince and Princess of Wales.

☞ Marshall Stewart, the guerilla, and Lewis, the colored murderer of McGrath, at Shelbyville, were executed at Louisville, June 13th, at the military prison.

☞ John Mitchell, editor of the N. Y. Daily News, and lately editor of the Richmond Examiner, was arrested the afternoon of the 14th, and taken to Fort Lafayette.

☞ Two notorious guerillas, Theodore and Wish Goulden, were killed in Kentucky last week by their own men whilst fighting over some plunder.

☞ General Geary has gone to Gettysburg to make arrangements for the inauguration of the monument there on the 4th proximo.

☞ It is stated that the Ford's Theatre property has been disposed of to an association of Congregationalists, and that it will be speedily converted into a place of worship.

☞ The suspension bridge at Nashville, destroyed at the time the Union army was preparing to occupy the city, is to be rebuilt. Sixty thousand dollars of the capital stock has already been subscribed.

☞ Some conscience stricked patron of the Troy *Press*, a few days since, sent a letter to the proprietors enclosing ten dollars, with the single line, "The enclosed belongs to you."

☞ Since the war closed an immense tide of emigration has opened to the West. Men unsettled by the fortunes of war, and soldiers with bounty money are going.

☞ In response to an inquiry made by Gov. Curtin, the Adjutant General of the United States has stated that the Veteran Reserve Corps will not be discharged until the expiration of their term of service.

☞ The rebel troops in Florida, with all the public property, were surrendered to McCook, at Tallahassee, on the 10th day of May. The number of troops paroled and already reported is 7,200, and will, doubtless, reach 8,000 when the returns are complete.

☞ The Government has received official reports of the late fires in the South. They are supposed to be the work of rebel incendiaries, as the fires at Nashville, Chattanooga, and Gallatin, occurred at the same time.

☞ The condition of Frederick W. Seward continues to be most encouraging. There has been no hemorrhage of his wound for the past twenty-one days.

☞ Secretary Seward's health continues to improve. He now regularly attends business, and converses cheerfully with his friends, though his jaw is still supported by an iron framework.

☞ Large numbers of refugees, white and black, are constantly returning to the South, and every day there are fresh arrivals here of former citizens who left Washington on the breaking out of the rebellion.

☞ Numerous applications for pardon have been filed in the Attorney General's office; the attending to them is necessarily slow, as papers in each case have to be carefully examined before presentation to the President for his determination.

☞ The Government has received documentary proofs incontrovertible, of the guilt of Jeff. Davis in the matter of inhuman and most brutal treatment of Union prisoners. When disclosed to the public, as the facts will be in a few days, they will astound the civilized world.

☞ Senator Sherman says, that our debt of $3,000,000,000, upon the basis of our present taxes and population, can be paid off in twenty-five years. And when we consider that our wealth doubles in ten years, and our population in thirty years, the debt ceases to frighten us.

☞ Mr. Frederick G. Britton of Cleveland, a fine amateur player in Cleveland, last week made a run of billiards to the number of seven thousand seven hundred and fifteen points. He got the two red balls in the corner of a full carom table, and occupied four hours and twenty-five minutes in making the points.

☞ The Surgeon General states that no report has yet been made up of the losses in the Union armies during the war. There is no truth in the statement, now current, that 328,000 have been killed. Full statistics of killed and wounded will be fully made up in a short time. There are returns for 100,000 hospital cases yet to be made.

☞ The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Inquirer* states that the army to be continued in the service will be composed as follows:—Regular infantry, 55,000; regular cavalry, 14,000; regular artillery, 12,000; colored troops, 50,000; Gen. Hancock's corps, 20,000; Veteran Reserve corps, 25,000; total, 177,000 men.

☞ The Military Commission for the trial of the conspirators, was engaged on the 14th in hearing the testimony in relation to the alleged insanity of Payne. Doctors Hall, Norris, and Porter, and Surgeon General Barnes, testified that they could not find any evidence of insanity in the prisoner. The court then adjourned until Friday, to allow the defence to prepare their argument.

☞ An interesting incident of Gen. McCook's sojourn in Florida was the restoration, for the first time in that State since the rebellion, of that dear old flag, which was raised on the 12th of May over the old Spanish fort at St. Marks, 21 miles south of Tallahassee, on the coast, saluted as it rose with artillery and general rejoicing. At Tallahassee over the capitol, it was raised on the 20th, on which occasion were present as witnesses of the signal event, several officers of the navy from the Sagamore and Sperine, at anchor off St. Marks. At Tallahassee the flag was saluted, as it rose, with a gun for every State of the indivisible Union, and at sunset, when drawn down, with 100 guns. The soldiers and negroes were in ecstasy; the citizens were not so enthusiastic, but some of them removed their hats in token.

☞ Official details of the surrender of the rebel fleet in the Red river, was received at Washington. Commander Fitzhugh had charge of the squadron which received the surrender of the rebels. The latter had two vessels, the Missouri and Champion, the former of which had been previously captured. The Missouri was an iron-clad of three guns, eleven inch, nine inch, and a heavy thirty-two pounder. She was a very formidable vessel. Twenty-four officers and eighteen men were paroled.

☞ The *New York Times* Washington special says the prisoners who arrived here to-day by the train from Halifax Court House, reports that the rebels have destroyed the monument erected last week upon Bull Run battlefield; this seems to be impossible, and yet there is strong reason to believe it. The temper of the people in that part of Virginia is not more loyal than it was six months ago. General Gamble's men who built the monument, threaten, if report proofs true, that they will destroy every vestige of civilization within twenty square miles.

☞ A soldier's wife in Hazelton, Ind. lately received $150 from her husband. A man appeared in her bed room the night following and demanded it. She had taken the precaution to provide herself with a weapon in the shape of a rollin pin. She threw the money on the floor, and as the man stooped to pick it up, she dealt him a heavy blow on the neck with the pin, which stunned him. She ran to the nearest neighbor for assistance. The man was not at home, but the woman went with her, when lo! the robber turned out to be the husband of the woman. The blow he received proved fatal.

☞ The public will be surprised to learn that more than 15,000 letters per week are forwarded to the Dead Letter Office at Washington on account of not being prepaid by stamps.

Squirrels Wanted.

A number of squirrels is wanted at the Garden of E. C. Summers. A reasonable price will be paid for all sent in.

E. C. SUMMERS.

Huntingdon, May 24, 1865.

Candidates.

For all announcements of ten lines or less, $2; for every additional line (ten words to a line,) 20 cents—payable in advance.

COUNTY TREASURER—We are requested to announce Captain THOMAS B. REED, of Huntingdon, as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the approval of the Union County Convention.
Huntingdon, June 19, '65-*

CANDIDATE FOR SHERIFF.—I offer myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Huntingdon county, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention, to be held in August next.
JOHN B. SHENEFELT.
Cromwell township.

Mr. Shonefelt is a respectable and intelligent farmer of Cromwell township, who states that he does not intend canvassing the county to secure delegates, as he has not the time nor the desire to do so.
June 19, '65.

TREASURER.—Mr. EDITOR:—Please announce the name of HENRY L. SMITH, as a candidate for Treasurer subject to the decision of Union County Convention.

Mr. Smith enlisted as a private in the company raised by Captain J. H. Wintrode, in September, 1861, and served with his regiment (the 55d Penna. Vols.) throughout the war. After the battle of Fair Oaks, in June 1862, he was promoted to the 2d Lieutenancy of his company, and served in that capacity until January 1st, 1863, when he was promoted to Captain, and held that commission until the end of the war. He was engaged in every battle fought by the army of the Potomac until the time of his capture in June, 1864, before Petersburg.

He was severely wounded at the first battle of Fredericksburg, and also at the battle of Gettysburg. He still carries in his shoulder the ball received at Gettysburg, and experienced all the horrors of the rebel prisons for nine months.

He is a young man, good character, and fully competent to discharge the duties of the office.
june21,1865* WALKER TOWNSHIP.

POOR DIRECTOR.—We are requested to announce HENRY A. MARK, of Juniata township, as a candidate for the office of Poor Director of Huntingdon county, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention to be held in August next.
Juniata township, June 14, '65-tc.

COUNTY TREASURER.—We are requested by many friends of Capt. SAMUEL L. HUYETT, of Porter township, who is still in the service, to announce him as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention.
Porter tp., June 14, 1865-tc.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.—The suggestion contained in the *Journal & American* of last week, bringing forward the name of THOMAS FISHER of Huntingdon, for Associate Judge meets with decided approval in our section of the county. Mr. Fisher has been long known by the farmers in this valley as a man of sound judgment and strict integrity, and we know that he is the *right* man for the place.
June 14, '65-tc.* PENN & WALKER.

CANDIDATE FOR SHERIFF.—We are authorized to announce Capt. THOMAS S. McCAHAN as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Huntingdon county, subject to the approval of the Union Co. convention to convene during the month of August next.
Huntingdon, May 31, 1865.-to*

COUNTY TREASURER.—We are requested to announce WILLIAM WILLIAMS of Huntingdon, as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention to be held in August.
Huntingdon, June 7, '65-tc*.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—[Estate of Daniel Barr, dec'd.]
Letters testamentary upon the will and testament of Daniel Barr, late of Jackson township, Huntingdon County, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber. All persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated to the undersigned.
SPERRETT CUMMINS,
June 21, 1865-6t*. Executor.

Normal School
AT
Kishacoquillas, Mifflin County, Pa.

The second quarter of the summer session will commence JULY 12, 1865, and continue two months.
Teachers and those preparing to teach could find no better opportunity to fit them for their profession.
For particulars address, S. Z. SHARP,
je21,1865-td* Principal.

LOTS FOR SALE
IN
WEST HUNTINGDON, PA.
APPLY TO
WM. DORRIS, JR.,
Agent for J. E. Thomson.
Huntingdon, June 20, 1865.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—Estate of Amos Chilcote, dec'd.
The undersigned Administrator of Amos Chilcote, late of Tod township, dec'd., will sell by public sale on the premises,
On Saturday, the 22d day of July, 1865,
at one o'clock, P. M., that certain tract or parcel of land situate in Tod township Huntingdon county, on the west side of Rocky Ridge, adjoining lands of Henry Lias on the northwest, of John Savage on the east, and land late of Abm. Taylor on the south, containing 50 Acres, more or less, of which about six acres are cleared, and the rest well timbered.
TERMS OF SALE.—One-half of purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, and the other half in one year thereafter with interest to be secured by judgment bond. MORDECAI D. CHILCOTE,
je20.1865-3t Administrator.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, in the Mercantile business at Huntingdon, Pa. under the name of Lloyd & Henry, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The books of said firm are in the hands of Henry & Miller, who will pay all the debts and collect all the accounts of the firm of Lloyd & Henry.
HENRY LLOYD,
S. E. HENRY.

The undersigned will continue the business at the old stand of Lloyd & Henry under the name of Henry & Miller, and respectfully solicit public patronage.
SAMUEL HENRY,
JOHN S. MILLER.
June 14, '65-4*.

AUDITORS' NOTICE.—[Estate of Jacob Barnet, dec'd.]
The undersigned appointed Auditor by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county to audit and decide upon the exceptions filed to the account of Isaac Taylor, Admr., of Jacob Barnet, dec'd., late of Cass tp., and report distribution of the balance in the hands of the accountant, will attend for that purpose at his office in Huntingdon, on SATURDAY, the 1st day of July, 1865, at eleven o'clock A. M., when and where all persons are required to present their claims, or be debarred from coming in on said fund. THEO. H. CREMER,
Huntingdon, June 6, '65. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of John Watter, dec'd.
The undersigned, Auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county, to distribute the proceeds, in the hands of the Sheriff, arising from the sale of the real estate of John Watter, dec'd., will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in the borough of Huntingdon, on FRIDAY, the 30th day of JUNE next, when and where those interested will attend, or be forever debarred from coming in upon the said fund.
J. D. CAMPBELL,
Huntingdon, May 31, 1865-td Auditor

ATTENTION CONTRACTORS.—Proposals will be received by the Commissioners of Huntingdon County, up to Friday the 16th inst., for the repairing or refitting of the Court room, in the Court House. Plan and specifications can be seen at the Commissioners office.
The carpenter work to be completed by the first Monday in August.
Also proposals will be received for putting in a heater for warming the Court room. Plan at the Commissioners office. By order of the Commissioners,
HENRY W. MILLER,
Huntingdon, June 6, '64-td. Clerk.

CHEAP GROCERY STORE.

Z. YENTER,
HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PA.

THE undersigned offers for the inspection and purchase of customers a large and assorted stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c. He feels satisfied they can be accomodated with anything in his line. His prices are low, and his stock fresh and good. He keeps the best of

SUGAR, COFFEE,
TEAS, SPICES, SALT,
TOBACCO & SEGARS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS & CAPS, &c.

ALSO—
HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES,
MOLASSES, OILS, VINEGAR,
FISH, CHEESE, FLOUR RICE,
And NOTIONS of every kind.

A select stock of DRY GOODS, together with QUEENSWARE, and all other articles kept in a well regulated establishment for sale at reasonable prices.
☞ His store is on Hill street, nearly opposite the Bank, and in the room formerly occupied by D. Grove. Call and examine. Z. YENTER.
Huntingdon, June 7, 1865.

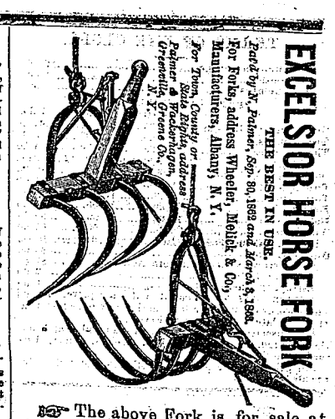
CLASSIFICATION of MERCHANTS &c. in Huntingdon county, by the Appraiser of Mercantile Taxes, for the year 1865.

	CLASS.	LICENSE.
Alexandria Borough.		
E. P. Walker,	14	7.00
J. R. Gregory,	14	7.00
William Moore,	14	7.00
Wm. M. Philips,	14	7.00
Barree.		
Barton Green,	14	7.00
A. Crownover,	14	7.00
John B. Myton,	14	7.00
Brady.		
J. Deffenbach,	14	7.00
Harshbarger, Hughes, & Co.	13	10.00
S. Sechrist,	14	7.00
Cassville.		
J. P. Heaton,	14	7.00
J. Henderson,	14	7.00
Clay.		
J. H. Adams,	14	7.00
R. Ashman,	14	7.00
Carbon.		
William Brown,	14	7.00
Dr. Wm. B. Roberts,	13	10.00
Reckirt, Bro. & Co.	14	7.00
Blair & Port,	12	12.50
" Do	14	7.00
George Mears,	14	7.00
S. S. Bamberger,	14	7.00
Wm. A. Orbison,	14	7.00
R. B. Wigton,	10	20.00
Hughes & Torle,	13	10.50
Philip T. Doyle, (with liquors,)	14	10.50
James Gleason, "	13	15.00
Powelton Coal & Iron Co.	10	20.00
T. M. Hedding,	14	7.00
G. A. Heaton,	14	7.00
Cromwell.		
David Etnier,	14	7.00
J. E. Orbison,	14	7.00
D. S. Baker, & Co.	14	7.00
Lorentz & Leamer,	14	7.00
Dublin.		
James Crea,	14	7.00
George Sipes,	14	7.00
W. C. Swan,	14	7.00
Franklin.		
John Q. Adams,	14	7.00
Alex. Ewing,	14	7.00
H. A. Bathurst & Co.	14	7.00
Shorb Stewart & Co.	13	10.00
G. & J. H. Shoenberger,	10	20.00
Hopewell.		
Simon Cohn,	14	7.00
D. Weaver,	14	7.00
W. P. Orbison,	14	7.00
Huntingdon Borough.		
Fisher & Sons,	12	12.50
D. P. Gwin,	13	10.00
M. Guttman,	13	10.00
J. A. Brown,	13	12.00
S. S. Smith,	13	10.00
Lloyd & Henry,	12	12.50
Wallace & Clement,	14	7.00
H. Roman,	14	7.00
Jos. Reigger,	14	7.00
Wm. Lewis,	14	7.00
Wm. A. Saxton.	14	7.00
Z. Yenter,	14	7.00
N. Corbin,	14	7.00
L. Bloom,	14	7.00
R. M. Cunningham & Co,	13	10.00
Simpson, Armitage & Co.	14	7.00
Cunningham & Etnier,	13	10.00
D. Africa & Son,	14	7.00
G. W. Swartz,	14	7.00
David McCabe,	14	7.00
John H. Westbrook,	14	7.00
Jackson.		
Freedom I. C.,	12	12.50
Henry Koher,	14	7.00
W. H. Harper,	14	7.00
R. McBurney,	14	7.00
S. W. Myton,	13	10.00
Morris.		
R. A. Dorsey,	13	10.00
D. G. Owen,	13	10.00
Wm. Davis,	14	7.00
Penn.		
Wm. March,	14	7.00
G. B. Brumbaugh & Co.,	14	7.00
D. G. Cantner,	14	7.00
Porter.		
G. D. Green,	14	7.00
Samuel Hatfield,	14	7.00
Shirley.		
Etnier, Foust & Co.,	12	12.50
George McLaughlin,	13	10.00
B. J. Dever,	13	10.00
W. R. Lees,	14	7.00
W. A. Fraker,	14	7.00
W. H. Brewster,	14	7.00
Springfield.		
Madden & Antley,	14	7.00
N. K. Covert,	14	7.00
Decker Locke,	14	7.00
Tell.		
D. H. Morrison,	14	7.00
Union.		
G. W. Sunderland,	14	7.00
J. Bauman,	14	7.00
Walker.		
Joseph Douglas,	14	7.00
John Brewster,	14	7.00
Warriorsmark.		
W. C. Vantries,	14	7.00
B. F. Patton,	14	7.00
D. G. Owen, & Bro,	14	7.00
J. R. Thompson,	14	7.00
West.		
W. Moore & Son,	13	10.00
John Cresswell, & Son,	13	10.00
J. C. Walker,	14	7.00
Walker & Bollinger,	14	7.00
Mrs. R. Myton, & Son,	14	7.00
Samuel Troutwine,	14	7.00
PATENT MEDICINES.		
John Read,		$10.00
Joseph Johnston,		5.00
EATING HOUSES.		
Henry Africa,		$10.00
John Free,		10.00
G. Whorley,		10.00
Henry Straus,		10.00
V. Crouse,		10.00
B. Cross,		10.00
J. A. Wilson,		10.00
Rudolph Neff,		10.00
Mrs. S. Wilson.		10.00
Mrs. R. Owen,		10.00
BILLIARD SALOONS.		
V. Crouse,		$30.00
P. H. Piper,		30.00
BREWERIES AND DISTILLERIES.		
Graffus Miller,		$25.00
P. Schneider,		15.00
George Nolte,		15.00
D. H. Foster,		15.00
J. Longenecker,		15.00
Colder & Brother,		25.00
John B. Weaver,		15.05
MERCHANT MILL.		
Thomas Etsher,	14	$7.00

An appeal will be held by the undersigned at the Treasurer's office in the borough of Huntingdon, on Saturday, the 17th day of June next. Persons wishing to appeal will apply on or before that day, as none will be granted thereafter.
R. McDIVITT, Mercantile Appraiser.

NOTICE.—By an act of Assembly passed the 11th day of April, 1862, it is made the *duty* of the County Treasurer to see out all licenses not lifted on or before the first day of July. Persons having licenses to lift, will save costs by calling and lifting the same previous to that time, as those not lifted within the time prescribed by law, will positively be placed in the hands of a proper officer for collection.
DAVID BLACK, Co. Treas
Huntingdon, June 7, '65-4t.

Photograph Frames,
A splendid assortment of large size just received and for sale at Lewis Book Store. tf



EXCELSIOR HORSE FORK
THE BEST IN USE.
Patd by N. Palmer, Sep. 30, 1862 and March 3, 1863.
For Forks, address Wheeler, Melick & Co's Manufacturers, Albany, N. Y.
For Township, County or State rights, address Palmer & Wadsworth, Greenville, Greene Co. N. Y.

☞ The above Fork is for sale at the Hardware store of Jas. A. Brown, Huntingdon, Pa.
june 7, '65-tf.

NEW STOCK OF GOODS.
EVERYBODY IS INVITED TO CALL AT
S. S. SMITH'S STORE,
ON HILL STREET, HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

THE BEST
SUGAR and MOLASSES,
COFFEE, TEA and CHOCOLATE,
FLOUR, FISH, SALT and VINEGAR,
CONFECTIONERIES, CIGARS and TOBACCO,
SPICES OF THE BEST, AND ALL KINDS,
and every other article usually found in a Grocery Store

ALSO—
Drugs, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs,
Paints, Varnishes, Oils and Spts. Turpentine,
Fluid, Alcohol, Glass and Putty,
BEST WINE and BRANDY for medical purposes.
ALL THE BEST PATENT MEDICINES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
and a large number of articles too numerous to mention.
The public generally will please call and examine for themselves and learn my prices.
S. S. SMITH.
Huntingdon, June 7 '65.

The Confederacy Ended, the Rebellion Ended, the War Ended, and Jeff Davis will soon be "Ditto."

Not the least fact to notice is GOLD HAS FALLEN WONDERFULLY.

All this has tended to have

The Price of Goods Reduced.

Merchants and others who desire to get the benefit of the Reduction.

CALL AT ONCE AT
R. M. CUNNINGHAM & CO'S.
WHOLESALE and RETAIL STORE,
Opposite the Broad Top Corner,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

Their stock consists of
ALL KINDS OF DRY GOODS,
Including PRINTS, DELAINES, GINGHAMS, BALMORAL SKIRTS, CRASH, CARPETS, &c.
ALL KINDS OF GROCERIES,
Including SUGAR, COFFEE, TEA, MOLASSES, VINEGAR, FISH, G. A. SALT, DAIRY SALT, SOAP, CANDLES, CINAMON, SODA, MUSTARD &c., &c.
ALL KINDS OF TOBACCO,
Including NATURAL LEAF, CONGRESS, CAVENDISH, SPUN ROLL, CUT AND DRY, &c.
ALL KINDS OF SEGARS,
Including HENRY CLAYS, COUNTRY SIXES, CHEROOTS, &c.
ALL KINDS OF NOTIONS,
Including SKIRT BRAID, SEWING SILK, SPOOL COTTON, ROUND COMBS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, COPY BOOKS, H

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, June 21, 1865.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

To Subscribers.

Those subscribers receiving a paper marked with a † before the name will understand that the time for which they subscribed is up. If they wish the paper continued they will renew their subscription through the mail or otherwise. tf.

County Committee Meeting.

A meeting of the County Committee of the Union Party of Huntingdon county, will be held in the borough of Huntingdon,

On Saturday, the 1st of July, 1865,

For the purpose of appointing Delegates to the State Convention, and transacting other business. A full attendance is requested.

COMMITTEE.

Alexandria—J. H. Kenedy.	Morris—Abraham Harnish.
Barree—Dr. Fry Wilson.	Oneida—William D. Miller.
Brady—Asbury Stewart.	Orbisonia—Thos: E. Orbison.
Birmingham—J. Thompson.	Penn—John Garner.
Carbon—J. F. Ramey.	Porter—Benjamin Isenberg.
Clay—Richard Ashman.	Petersburg—John Dopp.
Cromwell—James Harper.	Shirley—David Douglas.
Cass—Ralph Crotsley.	Shirleysburg—John Clark.
Cassville—A. W. Evans	Springfield—Morris Cutshal
Dublin—Dr. J. A. Shade.	Tell—Christian Price.
Franklin—Samuel Wigton.	Ted—Henry S. Green.
Henderson—Jas Hamilton.	Union—Jeremiah Banman.
Hopewell—James Entrekin.	Walker—Milton Sangree.
Huntingdon—R. B. Wigton, G. W. Johnston.	Warriors Mark — Archibald Hutchison.
Jackson—Asbury Oaks.	West—Solomon Hamer.
Juniata—John Geisinger.	Lower West—Wm. Stryker.
Mt Union Dist.—P. M. Bare.	

HENRY GRAFFUS, Chairman.

June 21, 1865.

We suggest Huntingdon as the place, and July the 5th as the time for the meeting of the Conference.

Scratchings.

—Preaching in the German Reformed Church on next Sabbath evening.

—Our young friend John Stratton has our thanks for a liberal share of picnic cake.

—Mrs. Amos Koplin, of Porter township, will please accept our thanks for a handsome bouquet of choice flowers.

—Cherries, sweet, sour, black and ruby, are now brought to town and sold at eight and ten cents a quart.—Is everything "rizzen?"

—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue decides that money received on life insurance policies is not by law either legacy or income, consequently not subject to tax.

—Mr. Read, the new Postmaster at this place has fitted up in his drug store a neat and convenient depositary for letters. The store is situated in a convenient locality.

—The hardware firm of Messrs. Wharton & Maguire have occupied their store on Railroad street. It is a tastefully decorated, commodious and convenient establishment.

—Wm. Hamilton and James Hight will accept our thanks for copies of the Chattanooga *Daily Gazette*, of June 10th, giving a graphic description of the destructive fire at that place on the 9th.

—The sum of $1000 was unintentionally thrown out of the cars of a westward train last week, at some point between Mount Union and Petersburg. The finder will be rewarded with $150.

—The Masons connected with the lodge at this place, and their families, will hold a grand picnic at Barree Forge on *Saturday next*, the 24th inst. A special train of cars has been secured for the occasion.

—The coming Fourth of July is to be celebrated at Coalmont on the B. T. Railroad, by the dedication of the new Odd Fellows Hall. Preparations are being made for a large gathering, and a good time is expected.

—The sermon upon Temperance preached by Rev. G. W. Zahniser on Sunday evening last, was listened to by an appreciative audience, as the remarks were edifying. We look for its publication.

—Those desiring to insure their lives in the North American Transit Insurance Company, of Philadelphia, will call upon our obliging friend Wm. H. DeArmitt, agent, at the Railroad station. We recommend the company.

—Michael Hasson has retired from the *Democrat & Sentinel* of Ebensburg, and Clark Wilson has succeeded him. We have received a copy of the paper, are glad to see the appearance of this exchange improved, but dislike the spurious sentiments.

—A fence has been erected around a lot in West Huntingdon, which to us indicates that something in the way of building is soon to be commenced there. Subscriptions were collected last week to assist in the erection of the Baptist parsonage on that lot.—We need buildings badly, and there is the place to build.

—The notice published and widely circulated that there would be a sale of serviceable Government mules at this place on Thursday last, had the desired effect of bringing a large number of people; but the day passed and no mules arrived. The inquiry was, Who "sold" the people? Uncle Sam or the printer? Reference to another item in to-day's column which states it was impossible to get the mules here in time will clear the difficulty. We hope, however, to see the mules here at an early day. They will sell.

New Musical Instruments.

A new stock of musical instruments have just been received at Lewis' Book Store. Violins from $3 to $50.—Guitars from $12 to $35; Banjos $8 and $9 50; Accordeons $6 to $15; Fifes, Bows, Strings, Rosin, Tail Boards, Bridges, Mouth Organs, and Jews Harps. tf.

Turned Up.

Two uncouth individuals came into town on Thursday last, one on a large bay horse, the other on a grey mule. While riding through town the mule ridden by the youngest was discovered to be the one belonging to Mr. Robert Cunningham of this place, and which had strayed or been stolen some months ago. Mr. C. immediately upon seeing the animal claimed it, and had it taken to the stable attached to the Jackson House. Here the man came after it, and demanding admission to the mule, his request was granted, and he and the animal were locked in together. He made earnest requests to be let out, but these entreaties were not as readily granted as the one to get in. Finally his determination actuated him to burst open the stable door, and out he came, pulling the mule by the bridle. Jumping upon it, he was about to leave, when he and the animal were backed into the stable, where a scuffle ensued between the accused party and another man, in which the former was roughly handled and dragged out of the stable. The man left the mule to its fate, but declared positively he had bought the mule for $200, and plead that he was an honest man. All that saw the mule and knew it declared it was the property of Mr. Cunningham and were prepared to prove it. The last we saw of the two individuals they were going out of town in the direction of Walker township, both seated on the back of the bay horse above referred to, the younger holding tight to the body of the older, and each talking earnestly about their mishap.

General Grant in Town.

The fact of the railroad passing through our town gives us advantages that other towns not so situated do not possess. On Wednesday last a despatch was received stating that Gen. Grant was passing through. This had the effect of collecting a large crowd at the depot, and upon the arrival of the train the General was saluted by a large crowd of eager spectators. The General was, as usual, not in the least anxious to make himself conspicuous, and it was not until requested that he stood up and showed his proportions to the people. Three rousing cheers were given to which the General responded with a bow; a speech was not generally expected from him, as his disposition in that particular is well known. The appearance and manner of the General made a favorable impression upon our people, and the information often repeated that there was no affectation about him was fully confirmed. He was dressed in plain civilian's clothes, smoking a segar, as usual, and it was not until he rose that many of our people could recognize him. The company traveling with the Lieut. General, consists of the following: Mrs. Grant, Col. Parker, (a famous Indian warrior, chief of seven Western tribes of Indians, and chief, also, of scouts on Gen. Grant's staff,) Col. Bowers, Col. Babcock and Mr. Beckwith. The General received a grand ovation at Altoona and Harrisburg, and he will receive the honors of the people wherever he goes.

The Boys are Home.

We had the pleasure of taking by the hand last week the following gallant troopers, who have been honorably discharged from service: George H. Nash, George Zeigler, Charles Campbell, Wm. Keister, Wm. Westbrook, Bennett Willoughby and Robt. Rahm. These boys have been attached to the 19th Penna. Cavalry for some months past, and were discharged the 1st of June at New Orleans. Sixty-three others belonging to the same regiment, and one year men whose term of service would expire before October next, were also discharged. The above named soldiers are all residents of this place. They look gay and hearty, and though they experienced none of the hardships of fighting, other hardships were just as trying. One of the number, Henry Willoughby, who was a resident of the same place, and who enlisted with them fell a victim to disease at New Orleans. He was the only one of their number who died. The "boys" give a favorable report of the condition of the Mississippi territory through which they passed, but state that the climate is very hot.

Sale of Mules Postponed.

We have received notice from the Quartermaster General's Office that the sale of mules which was advertised to be held in this place on Thursday last has been postponed indefinitely. It was impossible to get the mules here in time, therefore the postponement.

—The Grand Lodge of Good Templars, of Pennsylvania, held its annual session at Lewistown, on Wednesday last in pursuance of notice. The session closed on Friday evening. There was a good attendance of delegates and visitors from subordinate lodges. The next meeting is to be held in Philadelphia.

—A public county meeting was held in Lewistown on Monday evening last for the purpose of making arrangements to celebrate the coming anniversary of independence and to honor the returned soldiers in such manner as may be deemed most appropriate. The call was made by the Chief Burgess of the borough.

All honor give to our returning braves

Destructive Fire in Newton Hamilton.

About half past 11 o'clock on Friday night last, the slumbering citizens of Newton Hamilton, were aroused by the cry of fire, when it was discovered that Heister's Steam Mill was in flames. Before any check could be given the fire communicated to the buildings on either side of the Mill, and before long the large warehouse and storeroom belonging to the heirs of Jefferson Decker were in ashes. On the west stood a long building known as the Arcade, which also fell a prey to the devouring element, in which five families resided above, and containing four or five stories and shops below. The dwelling house between the arcade and the mammoth store was pulled down, which formed a gap, thereby checking the flames. The store, owned by Samuel W. Norton was somewhat damaged; and the dwellings on the opposite side of the street were scorched. Heister's Mill contained about 1500 bushels of grain and a large amount of flour, all of which was consumed.

Since the above was in type we learn from a letter from Wm. Brothers to Col. Wm. Butler of this place the following particulars: The mill and fixtures were worth about $6,000, and the grain consumed about $2,600, $4,500 of which was covered by insurance. Mr. Brothers had in the building about 1600 bushels of grain.—Most of the goods in the saddler shop of Mr. Cummings were saved, but $135 in money lost. Several houses on the opposite side of the street were on fire, but the flames were subdued through the exertion of the citizens. We suppose the whole loss to be $16,000, more or less.—*Lewistown Gazette.*

Items about Home.

☞ A sale of condemned Government horses is to take place at Mifflin, Pa. on Thursday, June 22d, 1865.

☞ Three entertainments were given by the Howard Dramatic Troupe at Ebensburg. The *Alleghanian* pronounces it a humbug.

☞ A fine Bay Horse was stolen from the pasture field of Robert C. Gallagher at Mifflin on the night of the 8th. A Reward of $100 is offered for the recovery of the horse and capture of the thief.

☞ A little daughter of Thomas Dodson, of Altoona, aged about five or six years, was burned to death last week by her clothes taken fire from a match which she lighted.

☞ Every town is determined to have some demonstration on the Fourth, and preparations for a "grand time" are already being made. Look out, old Huntingdon, or you may be in the lurch! It is high time we were doing something.

☞ An accident occurred on the Pennsylvania Railroad, near Summerhill, Cambria county, on Friday morning last, by which considerable injury was done to life and limb. In consequence of a rubber bar loosening and falling under a wheel, four cars of a troop train were thrown from the track and dashed to pieces. One man was killed outright, and nine or ten others more or less injured. They were all members of the 30th Iowa regiment.

☞ Wendell Moyers, a farmer in Croyle township, Cambria county, was almost instantly killed on Monday the 29th ult., while engaged in hauling lumber to the village of Summerhill. His horses took fright from the noise of a locomotive, and he was precipitated under the wheels of the wagon, which so cut and mangled his head as to cause his death the same day.

☞ Says the Juniata *Sentinel* of last week,—A sad accident occurred last Saturday near "Stein's Mill" in Fermanagh Township resulting in the death of a child of David Diven of Walker township, aged 8 months and 6 days. Mrs. Diven and child, and Mrs. Fronk were on the way to a religious meeting being held, near by, by the "River Brethren." They were driving a quiet, trusty horse, that was never known to scare, but as they were at the place above named, a terrible crash of thunder, striking a tree near by, frightened the horse and so confounded them that they are unconscious of what followed. They were next found on the road, the carriage was found down the road some distance having run against a tree and was found very much broken and being upside down, the horse run some distance beyond. Both the women were somewhat injured, but not seriously. The child it is supposed struck a stone and died in a short time. It was buried on Monday and owing to the peculiar circumstances of its death, was attended by a large concourse of people.

WHAT MAKES A BUSHEL.—The following table of the number of pounds of various articles to the bushel, may be of interest to many persons:

Wheat, sixty pounds.
Corn, shelled, fifty-six pounds.
Corn, on the cob, seventy pounds.
Rye, fifty-six pounds.
Oats, thirty-six pounds.
Barley, forty-six pounds.
Buckwheat, fifty-six pounds.
Irish potatoes, fifty-six pounds.
Sweet potatoes, fifty pounds.
Onions, fifty-seven pounds.
Beans, sixty pounds.
Bran, twenty pounds.
Cloverseed, sixty pounds.
Timothy seed, forty-five pounds.
Hemp seed, forty-five pounds.
Blue-grass seed, fourteen pounds.
Dried peaches, thirty-three pounds.

Lots in Great Demand.

The valuable building lots in West Huntingdon are eagerly sought for and readily purchased—twenty-five having been sold within the last two weeks. Yesterday morning three were sold before breakfast by Wm. Dorris, jr., agent for the sale of the lands. We have no doubt that the enterprising purchasers intend building on the lots as soon as practicable. Mr. Dorris will continue to sell lots in West Huntingdon. Those desiring to purchase should call immediately.

REVENUE DECISION.—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has made a decision that "where a person engaged in the purchase and sale of stocks, and a company, the stock of which he has purchased, becomes insolvent, so that the stock is worthless, the amount of the purchase money may be allowed as a deduction: But it must be shown to the satisfaction of the assessor that such stock is not and never will be of any value. The loss may be deducted from profits derived from stocks, but not from gains in business, salaries, rents, interest, &c.

IMPORTANT TO SOLDIERS.—All the honorably discharged soldiers have been granted the privilege of retaining their arms at the following low rates: Muskets of all kinds, with or without accoutrements, $6; Spencer carbines, with or without accoutrements, $10; all other carbines and revolvers $8; sabres and swords, with or without belts, $3.

CURE FOR THE BITE OF A MAD DOG.—Take immediately warm vinegar or tepid water, and wash the wound very clean; then dry it, and pour upon the wound a few drops of muriatic acid, and its evil is neutralized. An exchange say the above remedy applied in time never fails.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

TO THE LADIES.—Do you really intend to cease wearing the beautiful styles now so prevalent, or dress less elegantly, because the rebel Jeff. Davis, was captured in Fashionable Female attire! One moment's calm reflection will surely serve to change your rash resolve. The angels had too much good sense to lay aside their pure chaste robes of white, because they had for a time served to hide the deformities of that Prince of Rebels, the Devil. Can you err in following the example of Angels? Then having made up your minds that you will continue to dress tastefully regardless of rebel acts, *do not forget to call at the store of the subscribers, who will be happy at all times to furnish you with such articles of dress as you may desire.* Urge your fathers, husbands, brothers, neighbors and children to visit the same store. They can here be suited in good articles of Boots, Shoes, Clothing Material, Hats, Caps, Queensware and a general assortment of Groceries, on as reasonable terms as at any House in town. Store on South east corner of the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

may 31, 1865. JAS. B. WALLACE.

☞ Two bad cases of Piles cured by Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy. Mr. Glass of Jamesville, Wisconsin, writes for the benefit of all who suffer with the Piles, that he has been troubled for eight years with an aggravated case of Piles, and his brother was discharged from the army as incurable, (he being quite paralyzed with the Piles.)—Both these distressing cases were cured with one bottle of Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy. The recommendation of these gentlemen, besides the daily testimonials received by Dr. Strickland, ought to convince those suffering, that the most aggravated chronic cases of Piles are cured by Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy. It is sold by Druggists everywhere.

A NEW VOLUME.—*Look at the July No. !*—Portraits of President Johnson—two views; Secretary Harlan; Queen Victoria; the Empress Eugenie; the Emperor Alexander; Julius Cæsar, with sketches of character; the Conspirators, and How they Look; the Physiognomy of Classes; Love and Lovers; Second Marriages; Fat Folks and Lean Folks, and How to Cure Them, with Illustrations; the Russian, with portraits; Enlarging the Lungs; Immortality of Mind; A Wonderful Prediction Fulfilled; Hymenial Poetry; Maiden's Eyes; An Appeal from the South; Art and Artists; Practical Preaching; Work Day Religion; A Hint to Maiden Ladies; Dictionary of Phrenology and Physiognomy, with engravings; Hats—a New Notion, illustrated; Our Country; "Able-bodied Men;" Early Patriots of America, illustrated; Our Finances; The Atlantic Cable, and Americans in England; with much more in JULY DOUBLE NO. PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL. Best No. ever issued. Begins a new Vol. Only 20 cents, by return post, or a year for $2. Subscribe now. Address Messrs. Fowler & Wells, No. 389 Broadway, New York.

Another New Lot of Wall Paper,
Just received at Lewis' Book Store.

Fresh Garden & Flower Seeds,
For Sale at Lewis' Book Store. tf.

JOB PRINTING done at this office.

MARRIED,

In Petersburg, this county, at the Petersburg Hotel, by Joseph Johnston, Esq., Mr. ADAM NASH to Miss MARY NICHOLS, both of Williamsburg, Blair county.

DIED,

In Dudley, June 8th, Miss ROSETTA PHEASANT, of Union township, aged 19 years, 4 months and 10 days.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

June, 21

Fancy and Extra Family Flour	$8,25@9,50
Common and Superfine	$5,00@6,75
Rye Flour	$5.25
Corn Meal	₰ bl $4,75
Extra White Wheat	$2,00@2,20
Fair and Prime Red	$1,75@1,82
Rye	95
Corn, prime Yellow	95
Oats	72
Barley	₰ bu $1,00
Cloverseed, ₰64 lbs.	$17,50
Timothy	$4,50
Flaxseed	$2.50
Wool	65@70
Hides	13

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

Extra Family Flour ₰bbl	$8,50
Extra do ₰cwt	4,00
White Wheat	1,50
Red Wheat	1,50
Rye	1,10
Corn	95
Oats	50
Cloverseed	7,00
Flaxseed	1,60
Dried Apples	2,00
Butter	15
Eggs	15
Lard	20
Ham	22
Shoulder	20
Sides	14
Tallow	10

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

THIRD SERIES,

$230,000,000.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned, the General Subscription Agent for the sale of United States Securities, offers to the public the third series of Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three-tenths per cent. interest per annum, known as the

7.30 LOAN.

These notes are issued under date of July 15, 1865, and are payable three years from that date in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into

U. S. 5-20 SIX PER CENT. GOLD-BEARING BONDS.

These Bonds are now worth a handsome premium, and are exempt, as are all the Government Bonds, *from State County, and Municipal taxation, which adds from one to three per cent. per annum to their value*, according to the rate levied upon other property. The interest is payable semi-annually by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest at 7.30 per cent, amounts to

One cent per day on a		$50	*note.*
Two cents	"	" $100	"
Ten	"	" $500	"
20	"	" $1000	"
$1	"	" $5000	"

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions.

The Notes of the Third Series are precisely similar in form and privileges to the Seven-Thirties already sold, except that the Government reserves to itself the option of paying interest in gold coin at 6 per cent., instead of 7 3-10ths in currency. Subscribers will deduct the interest in currency up to July 15th, at the time when they subscribe.

The delivery of the notes of this third series of the Seven-thirties will commence on the 1st of June, and will be made promptly and continuously after that date.

The slight change made in the conditions of this THIRD SERIES affects only the matter of interest. The payment in gold, if made, will be equivalent to the currency interest of the higher rate.

The return to specie payments, in the event of which only will the option to pay interest in Gold be availed of, would so reduce and equalize prices that purchases made with six-per cent. in gold, would be fully equal to those made with seven and three tenths per cent. in currency. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET

Now offered by the Government, and its superior advantages make it the

Great Popular Loan of the People

Less than $230,000,000 of the Loan authorized by the last Congress are now on the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within sixty days; when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium; as has uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan the National Banks, State Bank, and Private Bankers, throughout the country, have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE,
SUBSCRIPTION AGENT, *Philadelphia.*

Subscriptions will be received by the

First National Bank of Huntingdon.
First National Bank of Hollidaysburg
First National Bank of Altoona.
First National Bank of Bellefonte.
First National Bank of Harrisburg.

my24,1865

HARDWARE
AND
CUTLERY!

AN IMMENSE STOCK AND ENDLESS VARIETY OF

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c.

NOW OPEN *AND FOR SALE BY*

JAS. A. BROWN,

HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

Huntingdon, June 7, 1865

HEAD QUARTERS FOR

NEW GOODS.

D. P. GWIN

INFORMS THE PUBLIC THAT HE HAS JUST OPENED A SPLENDID STOCK of NEW GOODS THAT CAN'T BE BEAT IN CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY.

COME AND SEE.
D. P. GWIN,

May. 23, '65.

NEW CLOTHING
AT LOW PRICES.

M. CUTMAN

HAS JUST OPENED A FINE STOCK OF NEW *SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,* Which he offers to all who want to be CLOTHED, AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

His Stock consists of Ready-made Clothing for MEN AND BOYS, ALSO, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &C., &C.

Should gentlemen desire any particular kind or cut of clothing not found in the stock on hand, by leaving their measure they can be accommodated at short notice.

Call at the east corner of the Diamond, over Long's Grocery.

MANUAL GUTMAN.

Huntingdon, May. 17, '65.

☞ "Slavery viewed from the Bible Stand Point," by Rev. J. M. Adair, for sale at Lewis' Book Store, price 10 cents. tf.

JOHN SCOTT, SAMUEL T. BROWN, JOHN M. BAILE.

The name of this firm has been changed from SCOTT & BROWN, to

SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY,

under which name they will hereafter conduct their practice as

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.

PENSIONS, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government, will be promptly prosecuted.

May 17, 1865-tf.

PIANOS & MELODIANS FOR SALE

NO CABINET ORGANS.

Not a Sole Agent.

PROFESSOR HUGH COYLE offers for sale the celebrated PIANOS of STECK & CO., New York, which he considers cannot be surpassed in touch or tunability by any instrument in the market.

Notwithstanding Steinway & Co's. instruments are considered superior by certain agents, the Professor can only pronounce them good, for there is an uncertainty in the tone which he will not recommend. As Steck is the only manufacturer that gives a PRINTED GUARANTEE for the durability of his instrument, I have no hesitation in recommending the same.

Prof. Coyle is a Judge, from the fact that he has had twenty years experience in teaching music, which of itself qualifies him to recommend any instrument, but Steck's in particular.

The community can use their discretion in purchasing instruments, but Professor Coyle feels himself a judge, and notwithstanding all fictitious advertisements, he would recommend Steck & Co's. in preference to all others.

PROF. H. COYLE.

Huntingdon, May 24, 1865-3m

IF YOU WANT A GOOD PHOTOGRAPH LIKENESS,

CALL AT

MRS. R. J. SAGER'S PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY

On Hill Street, two doors west of Lewis' Book Store.

CALL AND SEE SPECIMENS.

Huntingdon, May 17, '65-tf.

Pianos, Organs, and Melodeons.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public, that, having obtained from the manufacturers, the sole Agency for the sale of STEINWAY & SONS PIANOS, MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS and CARHART, NEEDHAM & CO.S' MELODEONS, he is prepared to furnish instruments to persons wishing to buy at the retail prices in Philadelphia and New York.

N. B. Every instrument warranted for five years.

He is also sole agent for the celebrated SEWING MACHINES OF GROVER & BAKER, and would respectfully request persons wishing to buy Machines to call and examine his before purchasing others, as they are unequalled by any Machine manufactured.

Circulars of Instruments or Machines, sent promptly upon application with any additional information desired.

B. M. GREENE,
Opposite D. P. Gwin's Store.
May 17, '65-tf. Huntingdon, Pa.

GEO. W. SWARTZ,

Clock & Watch Maker,

At the old stand of Swartz & McCabe,

HILL STREET, HUNTINGDON, PA.

my10,1865-6m

Exchange Hotel,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

WM. C. McNULTY, PROPRIETOR,
Formerly of the Franklin Hotel, Chambersburg.

TERMS LIBERAL.

may8, 1865-1y.

NEW STORE, AND NEW GOODS.

CHEAPEST CLOTHING in Town

LEOPOLD BLOOM

HAS JUST RECEIVED

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF NEW STYLES OF *SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,* Which he offers to the public AT THE CHEAPEST RATES.

His stock consists of GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, &c. &c.

His store is at the OLD BROAD TOP CORNER, HUNTINGDON, PA., Where he will be pleased to receive and accommodate all customers,

LEOPOLD BLOOM.

Huntingdon, May 10, 1865.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

SIMPSON, ARMITAGE & CO.

HAVING PURCHASED the entire stock of Wm. Colon, we now offer to the public at reasonable prices our immense stock of

MECHANICAL, RELIGIOUS, SCHOOL, AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,

STATIONERY, POCKET BOOKS, PORTMONAIS, &c.

Also, Latest Styles of

WALL PAPER & WINDOWSHADES,

MAGAZINES, and Daily and Weekly Papers constantly on hand.

☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to.

CALL AT BROAD TOP CORNER.

Huntingdon, May3,1865-1y

GOOD NEWS!

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!!

THE success of our armies and the consequent decline in the price of gold and other commodities, enable me to send

GOOD TIDINGS TO THE BLACKSMITHS,

and all others who buy IRON, STEEL, NAILS, &c.

Having moved my store to the large and commodious Bricker Store Room, I have received a large assortment of WAGON TIRE, HORSE SHOE IRON, round and square BAR IRON, bought from the makers since the decline in gold, which I am selling at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

All persons wishing to buy IRON, STEEL, NAILS, LOCKS, PAINTS, GLASS, or any kind of HARDWARE for cash, will save money by sending their orders, or calling at the Hardware Store of

JAMES A. BROWN,
April 5, '65. Huntingdon, Pa.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

25 PER CENT. CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST!

SIMON COHN,

AT COFFEE RUN STATION,

Would respectfully call the attention of his old patrons specially, and the public in general, to his extensive stock of well selected new Goods, just received from the Eastern cities, consisting, in part, of

Dry Goods, Clothing, Wool en Ware, Notions, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Bonnets, Shawls, Circulars, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, Wood and Willow-ware, Tobacco, Segars, Nails, Glass, Provisions, Oil, Fish, Salt, Tinware, Copper Ware, Drugs and Medicines, Clocks, Watches, &c.,

and all other articles kept in a first class country store; all selected with the greatest care and which were purchased for cash only, and affords him to sell them at a very low figure. The public will find it to their advantage to call and examine our unsurpassed stock, before purchasing elsewhere. No pains will be spared in showing our Goods. Ladies are specially invited to examine our large stock of fashionable dress goods; Shawls, Circulars, Furs, and a great variety of Woolen Goods, Hosiery, &c. Also, a handsome assortment of LADIES' COATS

All kinds of produce taken in exchange at the highest market prices—Cash not refused. By strict attention to the wants of customers, we hope to receive a continuation of the liberal patronage with which we have been heretofore favored. Come one and all, and TRY.

☞ New Goods received daily.

May10 1865. SIMON COHN.

Gold Pens & Pencils,

The best assortment of the handsomest and best styles, for sale at Lewis' Book Store. tf

☞ For neat JOB PRINTING, call at the "GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE," at Huntingdon, Pa.

Farm For Sale.

THE undersigned offer the Farm on which they reside, in West township, Huntingdon county, at private sale. It is situated three miles from Petersburg, and the same distance from Railroad and canal. It contains three hundred and forty-nine acres and allowance; good buildings, and about one hundred and fifty acres cleared, and well adapted for a stock farm.

J. S. MAGUIRE,
RACHEL MAGUIRE.

apr119,1864-tf.

THE REBELLION AND HIGH PRICES PLAYED OUT.

GEORGE SHAEFFER,

Nearly opposite the Globe office, respectfully informs the public that he has just opened a fine stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

of all kinds, for Men, Women & Children

The stock has been selected with care, as to style and quality, and will be sold at reasonable prices to suit the times. The public generally are invited to call and examine his stock.

☞ New work and repairing done to order.

Huntingdon, May 3, 1865-2m.

INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA.

Incorporated in Philadelphia, 1794.

CASH CAPITAL $1,715,171,71.

ARTHUR G. COFFIN, Pres't.

CHARLES PLATT, Secy.

J. A. RANKIN, Rock Springs, Centre county, Pa., Local Agent for part of Centre county, also for parts of Huntingdon and Blair counties.

Feb. 21, '65-6m.

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY.

E. O. & G. W. COLDER,

HAVING entered into co-partnership in the Alexandria Brewery, the public are informed that they will be prepared at all times to fill orders on the shortest notice.

Alexandria, Jan. 13, 1865-tf.

COACH SHOP,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

DAVID MINGLE Respectfully informs the public generally that he has removed his shop to the building in Washington street, formerly occupied by O. Beat, where he is prepared to do all kind of

LIGHT AND HEAVY WORK

in his line of business, and hopes to receive a liberal patronage.

☞ NEW WORK will be made to order, at prices to suit the times DAVID MINGLE.

Huntingdon, March 28, 1865-3m*

1865. 1865.

THE "VICTOR"

CANE MILL.

NEW. TRIUMPHANT AT STATE FAIRS.

COOK'S

SUGAR EVAPORATOR.

MOST RAPID EVAPORATOR IN THE WORLD!

"SORGO HAND BOOK," *FREE.*

CANE SEED, by the lb or bushel, FOR SALE AT COST.

Prince & Co.'s New AUTOMATIC ORGANS. The greatest triumph of the age!

New style MELODEONS, with improvements.

Grover & Baker's FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

Send for Circulars, &c. FREE.

A. B. BRUMBAUGH,
SOLE AGENT,
James Creek, Huntingdon co., Pa.

ap12, 1865-3m

AGENCY,

FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY AND PENSIONS.

ALL who may have any claims against the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions, can have their claims promptly collected by applying either in person or by letter to

W. H. WOODS,
Attorney at Law,
Huntingdon, Pa.

August 12, 1863.

LAW ASSOCIATION.

The undersigned have associated themselves together in the practice of the law in Huntingdon, Pa. Office in the one now, and formerly occupied by J. Sewell Stewart, adjoining the Court House.

A. W. BENEDICT,
J. SEWELL STEWART.

July 20, 1864

WILLIAM D. GEMMILL,

Stock Broker,

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, LOANS, Etc.,

Bought and Sold on Commission.

Office—311 Market street, Philad'a

ap19-2m*

HENRY HARPER, No 520 Arch

Street, above Fifth, PHILADELPHIA,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

WATCHES,
FINE JEWELRY,
SOLID SILVER-WARE,

and Superior SILVER PLATED WARE.

mch22-3m.

I. K. STAUFFER,

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,

No. 148 North SECOND Street, corner of Quarry,

PHILADELPHIA.

An assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver & Plated Ware constantly on hand,

SUITABLE FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS

☞ Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to.

POUDRETTE!

[Fifteen Years Fair Trial]

A. PEYSSON, Philadelphia.

POUDRETTE, $20 00 per ton, taken from the Factory loose, or 50 Cents per bushel, and $25 00 per ton in bags—delivered at Steamboat and Railroad Depots in Philadelphia. Manufactory, Gray's Ferry Road, above the Arsenal, Philadelphia.

Depot. PEYSSON'S Farm, Gloucester, New Jersey, Woodbury road.

Office—Library Street, No. 420 back of the new Post Office, Philadelphia. Dealers

FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO.
4th & CALLOWHILL Streets, PHILADELPHIA.

February 14, 1865-1mos

MILLINERY GOODS.

BROOKS & ROSENHEIM,

WHOLESALE DEALERS,

No. 431 MARKET Street, north side,

PHILADELPHIA,

Have now opened their usual handsome variety of

RIBBONS, BONNET MATERIALS,
STRAW & FANCY BONNETS,
LADIES' & MISSES' HATS.

FLOWERS, RUCHES, LACES,

and all other articles required by the MILLINERY TRADE

By long experience and strict attention to this branch of business exclusively, we flatter ourselves that we offer inducements, in variety, styles, quality and moderate prices—not everywhere to be found. The attention of MILLINERS and MERCHANTS is respectfully solicited.

☞ Particular attention paid to filling Orders.

March 8, '65-3m.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

J. D. CAMPBELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Office in the Brick Row, nearly opposite the Court House. [April 15, 1863.

W. A STEPHENS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
OFFICE.—In Treasurer's room in Court House—up stairs.
Huntingdon, Dec. 16, 1863.

R. ALLISON MILLER,
DENTIST,
Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House.
April 13, 1859.

J. E. GREENE, DENTIST.
Office removed to opposite the store of D. P. Gwin, in the square, Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.
April 13, 1864.

THE JACKSON HOTEL,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Office removed to opposite the store of
J. MORRISON, Proprietor

M. GUTMAN & CO., Dealers in Ready made Clothing, Huntingdon, Pa.

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Reed's Drug Store. Aug. 28, '55.

S. S. SMITH, Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Dye Stuffs, Oils, &c. Also—Groceries, Confectioneries, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

JAMES A. BROWN,
Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

H. ROMAN,
Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

D. P. GWIN,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

WM. WILLIAMS,
Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer.

OLD BRASS AND COPPER taken in exchange for goods at the Hardware Store
Sept. 3, 1862. JAS. A. BROWN

GUN BARRELS AND LOCKS.—A large assortment at
BROWN'S HARDWARE STORE.

BOOTS and SHOES, the largest and cheapest assortment in town, at
D. P. GWIN'S.

LIQUORS, of the best, for Medicina purposes at
S. S. SMITH'S.

CALL at D. P. GWIN'S if you want GOOD GOODS.

1865. 1865.
CLOTHING.
H. ROMAN.
NEW
CLOTHING
FOR
SPRING AND SUMMER,
JUST RECEIVED
AT
H. ROMAN'S
CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.
For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at
H. ROMAN'S,
opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.
Huntingdon april 12, '65.

GREAT ENTHUSIASM!
HIGH PRICES SURRENDER!!
THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST.
JOHN H. WESTBROOK
Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a NEW and splendid stock of
BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,
Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.
all of which he is prepared to sell at reduced prices.
A lot of choice CONFECTIONERIES have also been received.
Don't forget the old stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.
Huntingdon, apri 12, 1865.

M'MANIGAL'S LIVERY STABLE.
MONTGOMERY STREET,
Between the Baptist and Catholic Churches,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
THE PUBLIC GENERALLY are informed that the subscriber is prepared at his New LIVERY STABLE, to accommodate all with
HORSES, BUGGIES, & CARRIAGES
at reasonable rates, on short notice.
HENRY M'MANIGAL.
Huntingdon, March 8, 1865-1y.

WAR FOR THE UNION.
NEW ORLEANS, ST. LOUIS, MEMPHIS, NORFOLK, &c. TAKEN.—ASHBY SLAIN, AND THE BACKBONE OF "SECESH" BROKEN
But while you rejoice at the success of our gallant troops, and the prospect of the speedy downfall of the Rebel Army, do not forget to call at the store of
WALLACE & CLEMENT,
before purchasing elsewhere, and see our new stock goods, consisting of
Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Boots and Shoes,
Queensware,
Crockeryware,
Tobacco, Segars,
Hams,
Flitch,
Shoulders,
Fish,
Flour,
Salt,
and a general assortment of notions, all of which for'y on reasonable terms for cash or produce.
Huntingdon, July 1, 1863.

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Tables and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.
Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.
W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and workmanship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on Mill street, Huntingdon, Pa.
WM. WILLIAMS.
Huntingdon, May 16, 1865.

New Furniture Establishment.
J. M. WISE,
Manufacturer and Dealer in Furniture,
Respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his stand on Hill st., Huntingdon, between Cunningham's Store and Dean's National House, where he manufactures and keeps all kinds of Furniture at reduced prices. Persons wishing to purchase, will do well to give him a call.
Repairing of all kinds attended to promptly and charges reasonable.
☞ Also, Undertaking carried on, and Coffins made in any style desired, at short notice.
☞ Funerals attended at any place in town or country, by J. M. WISE.
Huntingdon, Sept. 24, 1862-tf

CHEAP PUMPS.
JAMES A. BROWN, Huntingdon, Pa., sells Patent Wooden Pumps for cisterns and wells, from 4 to 60 feet deep, at about one half the usual price for old fashioned pumps. All pumps warrantod.
Aug. 3 '64.

COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the cities, as I have a Wholesale store in Philadelphia.
H. ROMAN.

FISHERS' COLUMN.

THOS. FISHER. H. G. FISHER. T. C. FISHER.

FISHER & SONS
HUNTINGDON, PA.

STAPLE & FANCY DRY-GOODS, ETC., ETC.

A HANDSOME STOCK of GOODS, of all kinds, is now open for the inspection of the public, and we cordially invite all our Customers and the public generally, to call and be convinced that we are unequalled in the quality, taste, style, and prices of our Goods.
We request the public to bear in mind that we purchase principally from first hands in New York, pay CASH for all we buy, and cannot be rivalled in our facilities for opening for public use, a stock of General Merchandise.

HUNTINGDON MILLS.

GRAIN, FLOUR, AND FEED.

WE ARE PREPARED TO PURchase all kinds of GRAIN, for which we will pay the *highest cash prices, and will have for sale at all times,* FLOUR, FEED, &c.

PLASTER! PLASTER!!

WE HAVE an IMMENSE STOCK of PLASTER; an ample supply for this and neighboring counties! Having a Mill expressly for grinding it, we can produce finer and more desirable stock than can usually be had.

WE OFFER 500 BBLS. of SPLENdid ONONDAIGA SALT, unequalled in quality and price. G. A. Salt in sacks is also kept constantly on hand.

FISH. FISH.

10 Bbls. No 1 MACKEREL
10 " No. 2 "
10 " No. 3 "
15 Half Bbls. No. 1 "
20 " " No. 2 "
10 " " No. 3 "
Quarter Barrels and Kits, of all numbers, are also offered.

SUMAC. SUMAC.

WE ARE AT ALL TIMES PREpared to buy SUMAC; will pay cash, or trade, as desired

FLAX. FLAX.

THE HIGH PRICES RULING FOR Cotton Goods has compelled public attention to be more *especially directed to the culture of Flax.* It can be made by some attention, one of the most valuable products a farmer can produce; an acre readily producing 50 to 60 Dollars worth of fibre and seed. Great care should be taken by growers have their Flax spread very thin when rolling; when watered sufficiently on one side, it should be turned, and subject to exposure until all the stalks get a grey color, and the lint readily separates from the wood by a gentle rub.
It should on a very dry day be tied in bundles, and is then ready for the mill. As a general thing too much seed is sown on an acre. Unless the ground is very rich one Bushel per acre is sufficient. If the ground is very strong one and one fourth bushel is ample.
Dec 16, 1863.

1865. THE 1865.
LARGEST AND BEST
STOCK OF
WALL PAPER
Ever Brought to Huntingdon,
Is now ready for inspection and sale,
AT
LEWIS'
Book, Stationery and Music Store.
NEW AND ELEGANT STYLES
AT
LOWER PRICES
Than the same article can be bought in Philadelphia or Pittsburg.
OUR STOCK
Consists of upwards of
One Hundred Different Styles
OF
Wall & Ceiling Paper & Bordering,
FOR
The Parlor, Sitting Room, Dining Room, Bed Room, Hall, Kitchen, Office, Store, Shop, &c., &c.
Call at the "Globe" Building,
and examine our stock and prices.

READING RAIL ROAD.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT,
NOVEMBER 7, 1864.
GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE North and North-West for PHILADELPHIA, NEW-YORK, READING, POTTSVILLE, LEBANON, ALLENTOWN, EASTON, &c., &c.
Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3 00 and 8 15 A. M., and 1 45 P. M., arriving at New York at 10 00 A. M., and 2 45 and 10 00 P. M.
The above connect with similar Trains on the Pennsylvania Railroad, and sleeping cars accompany the first two trains, without change.
Leave for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8 15 A. M., and 1 45 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal stations only.
Way Trains, stopping at all points, at 7 25 A. M., and 4 40 P. M.
Returning, leave NEW-YORK at 9 A. M., 12 Noon, and 7 P. M. Philadelphia at 8 A. M., and 3 30 P. M; Pottsville at 8 50 A. M., and 2 35 P. M; Tamaqua at 8 10 A. M., and 2 15 P. M., and Reading at 12 midnight, 7 35 and 10 45 A. 1 33 and 6 05 P. M.
An Accommodation Passenger Train leaves READING at 6.30 A. M., and returns from PHILADELPHIA at 4.30 P. M.
Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 6 40 and 11 A. M., for Ephrata, Lititz, Columbia, &c.
On Sundays, leave New York at 7 P. M., Philadelphia, 3 15 P. M., Pottsville 7 30 A. M., Tamaqua 7 A. M., Harrisburg 8 15 A. M., and Reading at 12midnight, for Harrisburg.
COMMUTATION, MILEAGE, SEASON, and EXCURSION TICKETS at reduced rates to and from all points.
Baggage checked through: 80 pounds Baggage allowed each Passenger.
G. A. NICOLLS,
Nov. 23 1864. *General Superintendent.*

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.
TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

WESTWARD. MAIL.	PG. & ERIE MAIL.	EMIGRANT EXPRESS.	BALTIMORE EXPRESS.	STATIONS.	EASTWARD MAIL.	PG. & ERIE EAST MAIL.	COMMODATION.	Harr'g. Ac.
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
5 17	4 50	11 58	.....	N. Hamilton,	9 51	.....	2 10	
5 23	4 58	12 08	.....	Mt. Union,	9 42	10 01	2 10	
5 35	.....	12 20	.....	Mapleton,	.....	.....	2 10	
5 43	5 16	12 29	.....	Mill Creek,	9 25	9 46	1 53	
5 59	5 31	12 48	6 48	Huntingdon,	9 12	9 35	1 40	
6 15	5 46	1 08	.....	Petersburg,	8 56	9 20	1 25	
6 23	.....	1 20	.....	Barree,	.....	.....	1 14	
6 31	6 02	1 32	.....	Spruce Creek,	8 41	9 07	1 07	
6 49	.....	1 54	.....	Birmingham,	.....	.....	12 50	
6 58	6 29	2 05	.....	Tyrone,	8 17	8 44	12 40	
7 08	6 39	2 20	.....	Tipton,	8 06	.....	12 28	
7 14	.....	2 28	.....	Fostoria,	.....	.....	12 22	
7 19	6 50	2 35	.....	Bell's Mills,	7 56	8 25	12 17	
7 40	7 10	3 00	8 15	Altoona,	7 40	8 10	12 00	
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

The PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS Eastward, leaves Altoona at 9 40 P. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 11 01 P. M.
The FAST LINE Eastward leaves Altoona at 2 35 A. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 3 57 A. M.
The PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 30 A. M., and arrives at Altoona at 9 05 A. M.
The FAST LINE Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 44 P. M., and arrives at Altoona at 9 05 P. M.

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.
On and after Wednesday, JUNE 14, 1865, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

SOUTHWARD TRAINS.			NORTHWARD TRAINS.		
EXPRESS.	MAIL.	STATIONS AND SIDINGS.	EXPRESS	MAIL.	
P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	P. M.	
LE 6 10	LE 8 00	Huntingdon,	AR 12 01	AR 6 20	
6 27	8 17	McConnellstown,	11 44	5 57	
6 34	8 24	Pleasant Grove,	11 37	5 50	
6 48	8 38	Marklesburg,	11 23	5 36	
7 02	8 52	Coffee Run,	11 10	5 22	
7 09	8 59	Rough & Ready,	11 02	5 14	
7 21	9 11	Cove,	10 49	5 05	
7 25	9 15	Fisher's Summit	10 45	5 00	
AR 7 40	AR 9 30	Saxton,	LE 10 30	LE 4 45	
LE 7 50	LE 9 40		AR 10 20	AR 4 35	
8 19	10 00	Riddlesburg,	10 06	4 15	
8 16	10 08	Hopewell,	9 52	4 07	
8 30	10 20	Piper's Run,	9 40	3 55	
8 45	10 35	Hamilton,	9 25	3 40	
8 57	10 47	Bloody Run,	9 13	3 28	
AR 9 00	AR 10 50	Mount Dallas,	9 10	LE 3 25	

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LE 10 40	Saxton,	AR 9 20	4 30	
10 55	Coalmont,	9 05	4 15	
11 00	Crawford,	8 55	4 05	
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	Broad Top City,			

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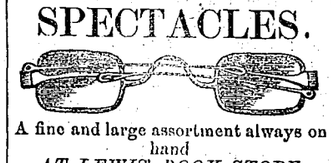
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